Imprint

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Original version.

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1 For your safety / 为了您的安全

Before use, please ensure that all users read, understand, and follow the instructions in this document fully. 使用前，请确保所有的用户都已经阅读，理解，并遵循本文档内的操作说明。

1.1 Risk levels and alert symbols / 危险级别和警示标志

Safety warnings, safety alert symbols, and signal words in these instructions indicate different risk levels:

<table>
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<th>Symbol</th>
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<tr>
<td>▲ DANGER!</td>
<td>DANGER indicates an imminent hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>▲ WARNING!</td>
<td>WARNING indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in death or serious injury.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>▲ CAUTION!</td>
<td>CAUTION indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NOTICE</td>
<td>NOTICE explains practices not related to physical injury. No safety alert symbol appears with this signal word.</td>
</tr>
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Note: Provides additional information to clarify or simplify a procedure.

本文档内的安全警告、安全警示标志和标识词语指示不同的危险级别:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Description</th>
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<tr>
<td>▲ 危险</td>
<td>危险表示危急、有危害的情景，若不防范，则会导致死亡或严重的伤害。</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>▲ 警告</td>
<td>警告表示有潜在危害的情景，若不防范，则可能会导致死亡或严重的伤害。</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>▲ 小心</td>
<td>小心表示有潜在危害的情景，若不防范，则可能会导致中等或较轻的伤害。</td>
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注意: 提示此行为不会导致人身伤害。因此此标识词语中不含警告标志。

注：注意中会提供用于解释或简化工作的额外信息。
1.2 Vital precautions / 重要安全措施

⚠️ DANGER!

High voltage! Risk of electric shock and fire!
Short-circuits may entail lethal damage!
Before use, read and follow all valid instructions.
Use solely and exclusively as described in the instructions.
Never open. Never insert objects.
For operation, always use a power source as indicated in the instructions.
Always unplug the power cable by gripping the power plug, not the cable.
Never try to repair. All repair work should be done by a qualified ARRI Service Center.
Never remove or deactivate any safety equipment (incl. warning stickers or paint-marked screws).
Always protect from moisture, cold, heat, dirt, vibration, shock, or aggressive substances.
Never cover any fan openings.

⚠️ 危险

高电压！有触电或起火风险！
短路将引起致命危险。
使用之前，请仔细阅读所有未过期的使用说明，并严格遵循。
切勿打开机身。切入插入任何物体。
操作时，请务必使用说明中指出的电源。
断开电源时请握住电源插头，而不是电线。
切勿尝试自行维修。所有的维修工作必须由具备资质的ARRI 维修中心进行。
切勿移除或毁坏任何安全设施（例如警告贴纸或涂漆标示的螺丝）。
务必避免潮湿、寒冷、炎热、多尘、震动、冲击或严酷的使用环境。
切勿覆盖任何风扇开口。
1.3 General precautions / 般安全措施

**NOTICE**

Even rugged cameras use components sensitive to improper use.

Always unplug the camera from power sources before making changes to the setup or system (in particular: changing cables).

Direct sunlight can result in camera housing temperatures above 60 °C (140 °F). At ambient temperatures above 25 °C (77 °F), protect the camera from direct sunlight.

Protect the optical system and sensor: Never point the camera or viewfinder into direct sunlight.

Avoid permanent sensor damage: Never let any direct light or reflections from high-energy light sources (e.g. laser beams) enter the camera's optical path.

Protect the sensor: Always keep a lens or protective cap on the empty lens mount. Change lenses in dry, dust-free environments only.

Always clean the sensor cover glass according to ARRI instructions. Instructions can be downloaded from the ARRI website in the ALEXA download section.

Only use the tools, materials and procedures recommended in this document. For the correct use of other equipment, see the manufacturer's instructions.
**提示**

即使本摄影机非常坚固，也是由敏感的组件所组成的，请谨慎使用。

当改变摄影机安装支撑设备或系统时（特别是更换电缆），请务必断开摄影机电源。

注意保护光学系统和影像传感器：切勿将摄影机或取景器直接面朝直射阳光。

避免对影像传感器造成永久性伤害：切勿让任何来自高能量光源（例如激光）的直射光或反射光进入摄影机的光路系统。

注意保护影像传感器：空镜头卡口上务必安装镜头或保护盖。更换镜头时，务必在干燥、无尘的环境中进行。

请完全并仅按照用户手册中所描述的方法来清洁影像传感器保护玻璃。若清洁不成功，请咨询ARRI维修中心。切勿尝试打开保护玻璃。

清洁影像传感器保护玻璃时，务必遵守ARRI说明书中描述的方法。

仅使用本文档中建议使用的工具、材料和操作方法。若要正确地使用其他设备，请参阅其制造商的说明书。
2 Audience and intended use

**NOTICE**

The product is solely and exclusively available for commercial costumers and shall be used by skilled personnel only. Every user should be trained according to ARRI guidelines.

Use the product only for the purpose described in this document. Always follow the valid instructions and system requirements for all equipment involved.

The AMIRA is a 35 mm digital camera solely and exclusively for recording HD 1080, 2K, 3.2K* or 4K UHD* images suitable for a variety of distribution formats:

- Rec 709 and Rec 2020 encoding (through use of look files) or Log C* encoding
- CFast 2.0 card recording
- Up to 200 fps* in HD/2K with full image quality
- 35 mm CMOS sensor
- EVF with OLED eyepiece
- Fold-away monitor for both live view and user interface access
- Ready out-of-the-box for single-user-centric workflow
- Slim, ruggedly built for high mobility

* Feature requires licensing.
3 Scope of delivery and warranty

**NOTICE**

Product and packaging contain recyclable materials. Always store, ship, and dispose of according to local regulations.
ARRI is not liable for consequences from inadequate storage, shipment or disposal.

**Delivery**

On delivery, please check if package and contents are intact. Never accept a damaged/incomplete delivery. A complete delivery includes:

- AMIRA camera with lens mount according to order: PL, EF, B4
- Multi-viewfinder with AMIRA EVF cable
- Gold Mount or V-Lock battery adapter (if ordered)
- Camera handle with viewfinder adapter
- Four XLR connector caps (one spare; keep all four for later use!)
- Four BNC connector caps (remove before use)
- WPA-1 or BPA-3 base adapter (if ordered)
- WiFi antenna
- Bluetooth antenna
- USB memory stick
- 3 mm Allen key
- Quick Guide
- Original packaging incl. drying agent

Usually, the camera comes fully assembled. In the unlikely case that a handle, viewfinder, adapter, or antenna (etc.) is not assembled, see page 36 for instructions.

**NOTICE**

ARRI offers an increasing variety of product bundles and additional accessories.
For details, please consult our website or your local ARRI Service Partner.

**Warranty**

For scope of warranty, please ask your local ARRI Service Partner. ARRI is not liable for any consequences of inadequate shipment, improper use or third-party products.
4 Camera parts and controls

The next section gives you an overview of the parts of the camera and the controls available for operating the camera.

4.1 Camera layout

Right

1 BAT power input
2 I/O panel
3 Audio connector panel
4 Fan intake
5 12-pin Hirose for ENG type lenses
6 RS connector
7 Bracket rosette
8 WPA-1 with quick release connectors
9 Fan outlet
Left

1. Operator panel
2. User buttons
3. Power button & camera lock
4. Audio control panel
5. Lid
6. Media panel (behind lid)
7. Battery adapter
8. Fan intake
9. Recording button
10. Bracket rosette
Camera parts and controls

**Top**

1. Viewfinder top buttons
2. Recording button
3. Viewfinder hinge with clamp
4. Accessory shoe
5. Adjustable beam
6. Camera type label
7. Level
8. 3/8” accessory threads on camera handle

**Bottom**

1. Battery adapter
2. Bracket rosettes
3. PLAY button
4. Viewfinder type label
5. WPA-1 quick-lock bracket
Camera parts and controls

Front

1. Clamps
2. Lens mount (here: PL)
3. ND filter switch
4. 15 mm rod receptacles
5. RS connector

Back

1. Fold-away monitor (viewfinder/GUI)
2. EVF OLED eyepiece
3. Bluetooth antenna
4. WiFi antenna
5. I/O panel
6. BAT power input
7. Battery adapter (here: Gold Mount)
8. Proximity sensor for OLED eyepiece
4.2 Product identification

CE type labels with serial number are on the camera top (1) and under the viewfinder (2). The serial number consists of the last 5 digits of the equipment number K1.71700.0-XXXXX. An FCC conformity label is on the bottom of the camera.

4.3 Connectors

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NOTICE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Connecting or disconnecting devices or cables while recording can disturb the audio/image signal due to static electricity.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4.3.1 Front connectors

ENG (12-pin Hirose)

Supplies lens servos with power and provides access to lens servo functions.
RS (3-pin Fischer)

This 3-pin Fischer socket for RS input supplies external accessories with 24 V power (2.0 A). It also carries a frame pulse output and accepts an ARRI remote start/stop trigger.

4.3.2 Audio connector panel

**NOTICE**

Rubber caps protect the XLR connectors from dirt and moisture. Always cap unused XLR connectors.

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Protective caps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Headphone out &amp; volume</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>XLR 5-pin audio input</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4-5</td>
<td>XLR 3-pin audio input</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Input signal options</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Headphone

Headphone 3.5mm stereo TRS ("Mini-jack") output for monitoring audio channels.

IN A (5-pin XLR)

XLR input for microphone signals (including 48V phantom power supply) and line level signals.
IN B & C (3-pin XLR)

XLR input for microphone signals (including 48V phantom power supply), line level signals and AES3 digital.

4.3.3 I/O panel

**NOTICE**

If the power supply to BAT is interrupted with the camera switched on, the camera will automatically repower and boot-up on reconnection.

12V (4-pin Hirose)

Supplies 12 V auxiliary power with a maximum power of 2.0 A (combined output of 4-pin Hirose and 2-pin LEMO).

12V (2-pin LEMO)

Supplies 12 V auxiliary power with a maximum power of 2.0 A (combined output of 4-pin Hirose and 2-pin LEMO).
D-tap

A D-tap on the battery adapter supplies accessories with 12 V DC from the camera.

EXT (6-pin LEMO)

A connector for external accessories, with two CAN buses and accessory power output at camera voltage level (2.0 A max.).

BAT (8-pin LEMO)

Via cables KC50-S (2 m, straight) and KC50-SP-S (coiled), this main power supply input accepts 10.5 to 34 V DC.

SDI OUT 1 & 2 (BNC)

Both BNC sockets (here: SDI 1) deliver image outputs in 1920x1080 422 1.5G, 422 3G and 444 3G single link formats. SDI 2 also supports the 3840x2160 422 6G format in 4K UHD mode.

RET/SYNC IN (BNC)

A BNC socket for Genlock input, or HD-SDI return image signal (configurable). Supports Black Burst, Tri-Level Sync and HD-SDI genlock signals.

You can feed HD-SDI return signals from another image source to the camera RET connector. The signal must be a 1920x1080 422 1.5G SL according to SMPTE 274M and 292M. Via the camera menu, you can set the output routing of the RET in signal.
**TC I/O (BNC)**

A Timecode in-/output (BNC interface) to be configured via camera menu.

- For external TC feeds to the camera.

**Note:** If Black Burst or Tri-level sync signals are not available, the camera can be configured to use the TC signal itself as Genlock.

**Note:** The camera has a TC buffer to keep a synced free run TC for up to 10 minutes when power is disconnected.

### 4.4 Media panel

1. **Lid**
2. **Status LEDs**
3. **CFast 2.0 card slots A & B**
4. **USB in/out 1 & 2**
5. **RJ45 Ethernet**

**Card A & B (CFast 2.0)**

Storage media slots for CFast 2.0 recording cards.

**USB 1 & 2**

Interface for USB memory sticks with FAT file system. Can also be used to charge USB devices. Each port supplies 5V with a maximum current of 500mA.

**Note:** Only one USB memory stick can be used at a time. Independent of slot, the first stick connected becomes active. Meanwhile, the second slot can still be used to charge a device.
4.5 Power supply

Depending on your battery demand, the camera offers either a Gold Mount or a V-Lock adapter. You can change both yourself. For more information, see "Mounting and unmounting the battery adapter", page 37). For further details, see our website or ask your local ARRI Service Partner.

The camera accepts an input voltage range from 10.5 to 34 V DC. Do not supply power outside the specified voltage range.

**NOTICE**

For maximum operation time, always use fully charged batteries with 10.5 to 34 V DC (50 W minimum).

Always keep the BAT connector or attached battery accessible so that they can be unplugged quickly in case of emergency.

4.5.1 BAT in

**NOTICE**

If the power supply to BAT is interrupted with the camera switched on, the camera will automatically repower and boot-up on reconnection.

Use the BAT connector, and a KC50-S or KC50-SP-S cable, to supply the camera with 10.5 to 34 V DC. Do not use cables longer than 4m.

4.5.2 Powering auxiliary devices via the camera

You can supply power to auxiliary devices from the camera using several connectors (2.0 A max):

- **12 V** via 2-pin LEMO, 4-pin Hirose, or via D-tap on battery adapter
- **24 V** via RS
- **Camera voltage** via EXT

**Note:** For connector pin-out information, see appendix. When the power supply level is critical, the camera switches off all auxiliary power supplies first.
4.6 Camera Controls

The camera body has several buttons and switches to control the camera. They are explained in detail in the following chapters.

4.6.1 Audio control panel

![Audio control panel diagram]

1 Audio function switch
2 Audio display
3 Left/right gain controls
4 Audio SET jogwheel

4.6.2 Operator panel

The operator panel consists of switches that offer quick adjustments to important camera functions, such as exposure index or white balance.

For all switch positions (except ND positions), you can assign an individual preset. See the next chapter for full instructions.

The EI and WB switches are assigned to exposure index and white balance respectively. Permanent switch icons on the EI and WB soft buttons on the home screen indicate this permanent assignment.

One of the functions FPS, SHUTTER, or LOOK can be assigned to the user switch (US). A switch symbol appears on the home screen next to the soft button of the assigned function.

**NOTICE**

You can only edit the value of the currently active switch position.

![Operator panel diagram]

1 User switch & settings
2 Exposure switch & settings
3 White balance switch & settings
4 Auto-white balance button
5 Recording button & LED
4.6.2.1 Operator switches

The *EI* switch (2) is dedicated to exposure index. *WB* (3) is dedicated to white balance and *ND* (4) to filtering.

The *US* switch (1) can be assigned to control either *FPS*, *SHUTTER*, or *LOOK*. For more information, see "Setting the user switch function", page 133.

The switches have three (US, EI, ND) or four positions (WB). Except for *ND* (4), you can modify the switch position presets.

4.6.2.2 *AW* auto white balance button

The *AW* button triggers the auto white balance functionality: based on the camera’s live image, *AW* calculates an automatic white balance and overwrites the active *WB* settings. The result is also stored as the preset value of the active *WB* position and in the first entry of the WB list.

*AW* triggering

- **Note:** Under or overexposed images may cause the auto white balance to fail. Always trigger auto white balance with properly exposed images.
- To trigger an automatic white balance: press *AW* twice in a second (1).
Two AW modes, Matrix and Center, are available.

- Matrix mode: Full-image-based, the algorithm determines the image content best suited to white balance calculation. Use for regular image content.
- Center mode: Calculates the white balance based on the center area of the image. Use with a gray card placed in the image center. For accurate results: fill the entire area with the gray card. The camera displays an image overlay showing the center area used for calculation.

### 4.6.3 User buttons panel

1. Power button
2. Camera lock
3. User buttons
4. SHIFT button

### 4.6.3.1 Locking and unlocking the camera

**NOTICE**

Locking the camera disables, unlocking re-enables all camera controls configured for locking except audio controls. Changing the position of the US, EI, WB, or ND switch on a locked camera will result in parameter changes when unlocking.

For details on lock configuration, see "Buttons and display", page 118.
1. Press and hold LOCK (2).
2. A countdown appears in both the monitor and viewfinder. The camera locks as soon as the countdown reaches zero.
3. To unlock: Press and hold LOCK (2) again.

4.6.3.2 User buttons

The camera menu allows you to assign individual functions to each user button.

1. Press a button (1) to trigger its function.
2. For buttons five to eight: Press and hold SHIFT (2); then press a button (1).
3. An LED on each button reflects the functional status.
4. To check the functional status of buttons five to eight (1): Press SHIFT (2).

For information on how to assign functions to user buttons, see "User buttons", page 131.

4.6.4 Starting recording via REC button

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NOTICE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pressing a recording button returns the MVF-1 user interface to the home screen and disables the menu access. Recording also disables the US switch and the home screen buttons for FPS, TC, Shutter, and Look settings.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The REC button is located on the left side of the camera. An additional REC button is located on the viewfinder and the Camera Control Panel CCP-1, if mounted.

The run LED next to the REC button on the camera body reflects the camera’s status.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Run LED is...</th>
<th>Camera is...</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>solid green</td>
<td>ready for recording</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>solid red</td>
<td>recording</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>off</td>
<td>not ready for recording. Check if the CFast 2.0 card is valid. For more information, see “Camera preparation”, page 36.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>flashing green/red</td>
<td>not ready for recording due to an error.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NOTICE**

Never change memory cards when recording - this may damage the recorded clip.

**NOTICE**

Connecting or disconnecting devices or cables while recording can disturb the audio/image signal due to static electricity.
4.6.5 MVF-1 controls and proximity sensor

Proximity sensor

The infrared proximity sensor automatically deactivates the viewfinder's internal OLED panel when you take your eye off it. The sensor is placed either on the bottom left-hand side of the viewfinder (generation 1, shown in image), or it is integrated into the eye cup (generation 2, not shown).

Note: To avoid hardware damage, always keep the sensor unobstructed.

Note: Left-eye or camera right-side operation of the EVF may degrade the sensor function of generation 1 sensors.

4.6.5.1 EVF and Monitor

When you put your eye against the eyepiece, the proximity sensor (3) activates the EVF (2).

You can configure the camera to show status information on the EVF (2).

When activated, the camera shows essential camera, audio, and recording parameters around the image.

You can modify/deactivate the status information via the EVF overlays and EVF status components menu. For more details, see "Status info", page 98.

Note: If surround view is active, the surround area is marked by a separating line or a surround mask.
4.6.5.2 Adjusting the diopter

► Twist the ring left or right for diopter adjustment (1).

4.6.5.3 Adjusting the monitor

► Fold out (1), swivel (2) and fold in (3) the monitor to put the display visible in the folded-in position.
4.6.5.4 Changing the monitor mode

► Press the M button (1) to change the monitor mode between live view and user interface.

► In live mode, press the lower screen buttons (1) to toggle the status bar content.

You can disable the location sensor that automatically flips the user interface to match a left or right-side monitor position (3).

► Choose Menu > Monitoring > EVF/Monitor > Settings > Monitor flip mode.
4.6.5.5 User monitor

Screen buttons and jogwheel

There are eight screen buttons, four above (2) and four below (3) the display (4). Their function depends on the screen content (4) and is labeled directly above or below each button.

Unlabeled buttons do not have a function for that screen. A grayed-out label shows that the function is currently not available. Using the jogwheel (1), you can do the following:

- Scroll or navigate through lists and menus.
- Change values (by scrolling up or down).
- Confirm settings (by pressing the jogwheel).

On the home screen (4), press the jogwheel (1) to open the camera menu.

4.6.5.6 Adjusting the monitor brightness

► Choose MENU > Monitoring > EVF/Monitor > Settings.

For more information, see "Defining EVF/Monitor settings", page 111.

4.6.5.7 Assigning a function to VF1 & VF2 user buttons
The MVF-1 has two user buttons, VF1 and VF2 (1). You can assign frequently-needed functions to each button.

► For more information, see "Button VF1 and VF2", page 134.

4.7 CCP-1

The Camera Control Panel-1 (CCP-1) is a standalone control panel, containing the display and a subset of the buttons of the MVF-1. It shows the same images, and the buttons mimic the behavior of the equivalent buttons of the MVF-1. It can be used as the only control panel or with a MVF-1 daisy-chained to it.

For more information on connecting the CCP-1 to the camera, see "Connecting the CCP-1", page 47.

4.8 Lens mount/filters
LDS
The camera supports the ARRI Lens Data System (LDS). Lenses with built-in LDS functionality communicate their focus, iris, and zoom values to the camera where the data is stored as metadata in the recorded files. The lens data can also be displayed as part of the status information. For more information, see "Setting EVF/SDI status info components", page 103.

Cooke /i support
The camera supports the Cooke /i protocol for lenses running firmware versions according to the following table.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Lens type</th>
<th>FW version</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>S4 /i Prime lens (10-bit)</td>
<td>0.29 or higher</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S4 /i Prime lens (12 bit)</td>
<td>0.39 or higher</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S4 /i Zoom lens (10 bit)</td>
<td>1.29 or higher</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S4 /i Zoom lens (12 bit)</td>
<td>1.39 or higher</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The firmware version can be retrieved from the lens with the Cooke Viewer Lens Display program. For detailed information, please contact Cooke Optics directly.

4.8.1 Lens iris control
You can control the lens iris with ENG-style lenses (B4 and PL) and EF lenses. You can control the iris via the auto iris feature or manually via user buttons or the menu (EF lenses only).

For more information, see
- "Adjusting the iris (EF lenses) manually", page 77
- "Defining the auto iris calculation", page 77
- "User buttons", page 131
- "EF lens support", page 35

4.8.2 EF lens support
The camera supports a wide range of EF lenses from Canon, Sigma, and Zeiss.
Apart from the common features for controlling lenses, the camera also supports the following features:
- Image stabilization
  The lens image stabilizer for EF lenses is supported.
- Iris and focus control
  If you are using the Wireless Compact Unit WCU-4 or Master Grips from the ARRI Electronic Control System (ECS) range, you can control EF lenses as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Axis</th>
<th>Master Grip</th>
<th>WCU-4</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Iris</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Focus</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
5 Getting started

The next section gives you information on the basics of how to prepare the camera for use.

5.1 Camera preparation

The following chapters provide information on how to attach commonly used accessories to the camera.

NOTICE

To avoid damage while assembling and retrofitting, always place the camera on a padded, firm, flat and level surface.
Work on an unpowered camera only.

5.1.1 Mounting to a bridge plate

NOTICE

Always use a flat screwdriver to connect the BPA-3 to a bridge plate. Never use a coin. A coin does not deliver enough force to ensure a proper lock.

1. For mounting to a bridge plate, use the BPA-3 bridge plate adapter.
2. Place the bridge plate unter the adapter (1).
3. Adjust the bridge plate’s nose (3) to the adapter’s aperture.
4. With a flat screwdriver (no coin!), attach the screws to the adapter and tighten (2).
5. Note: Always ensure a proper lock.
5.1.2 Mounting to a wedge plate

1. For mounting to a wedge plate, use the WPA-1 wedge plate adapter.
2. Open the quick-release base plate.
3. Place the adapter (1) into the quick-lock plate slightly behind the connection points.
4. Slide the camera forward until the quick-lock audibly locks (2).
5. **Note:** The lock must be closed.

5.1.3 Mounting and unmounting the battery adapter

**Tools needed**
- 2.5 mm Allen key
1. **Note:** The illustration shows a V-Lock adapter.
2. Switch off; interrupt the power supply.
3. Pin the battery adapter (1) to the camera.
4. With a 2.5 mm Allen key, fasten all three screws (2) handtight until the adapter fits tightly.
1. **Note:** The illustration shows a Gold Mount adapter.
2. Switch off; interrupt the power supply.
3. With a 2.5 mm Allen key, unfasten all three screws (2).
4. Remove the battery adapter (1).
5.1.4 Changing a Gold Mount battery

1. Place the battery pins in the mount receptors (1).
2. Slide the battery (2) to the right until the adapter audibly locks (1).
3. **To release:** With the lever pushed (3), slide the battery (2) to the left and backwards.
5.1.5 Changing a V-Lock battery

1. Place the battery's wedge into the V-shaped lock (1).
2. Slide the battery (2) downwards until the adapter audibly locks (1).
3. **To release:** With the pin pushed (3), slide the battery (2) up- and backwards.
5.1.6 Mounting and unmounting the base adapter

Mounting

1. **Note**: The illustration shows a WPA-1.
2. Open the clamp (1).
3. Slide the adapter under the camera (3).
4. **Note**: The safety pin (2) must audibly lock.
5. Close the clamp (1).
1. **Note:** The illustration shows a BPA-3.
2. Open the clamp (1).
3. With the safety pin pulled (2), slide the adapter off the camera (3).

### 5.1.7 Mounting and unmounting the camera handle

1. Open the clamp (1).
2. Slide the handle onto the camera (2).
3. **Note:** The safety pin (3) must audibly lock.
4. Close the clamp (1).
5. **To unmount:** Open the clamp (1).
6. With the safety pin pulled (3), slide the handle off the camera (2).

### 5.1.8 Changing the viewfinder and the EVF cable

**Tools needed**
- 2 mm Allen key

**Changing the EVF cable**

1. **Note:** Use original AMIRA EVF cables only.
2. Place the camera bottom-down.
3. Unmount the camera handle. See page 43.
4. With a 2 mm Allen key, unscrew and remove the lid (1).
5. Either: Connect the cable (2) to the EVF port.
6. Or: Disconnect the cable (2).
7. Reattach lid (1) and camera handle.
Changing the viewfinder

1. Switch off; interrupt the power supply.
2. **Note:** Use original AMIRA EVF cables only.
3. Connect an EVF cable to the camera. See page 44.
4. With your fingers, unscrew and remove the viewfinder’s lid (1).
5. Either: Connect the cable (2) to the EVF port.
6. Or: Disconnect the cable (2).
7. Reattach the lid (1).
8. Open the clamp (1).
9. Either: Dovetail the viewfinder to the bracket (2).
10. Or: Unbracket (2) and remove the viewfinder.
11. Close the clamp (1).

5.1.9 Adjusting the viewfinder

1. Slightly loosen the clamp (1) to move the viewfinder (2) left/right and up/down.
2. Unclamp the hinge (3) to swivel the viewfinder horizontally.
3. Close all clamps (1, 3) when the viewfinder is in the desired position (2).
5.1.10 Connecting the CCP-1

Connect CCP-1 to the HDMI connector on camera top side, located below the camera handle.

When it is used alone with the camera, it always shows an image.

When a MVF-1 is daisy-chained to the CCP-1, the MVF-1 will show an image in the EVF, but only one of the two monitors, either of the MVF-1 or the CCP-1 is active.

If the monitor of the MVF-1 is closed, the CCP-1 is activated.

If the monitor of the MVF-1 is opened, the monitor will be activated.

- Activate the MVF-1 by pressing a screen button on the MVF-1.
- Activate the CCP-1 by pressing any button except the REC button on the CCP-1.
5.1.11 Mounting and unmounting antennas

1. With your fingers, thread the antennas for WiFi (1) and Bluetooth (2) onto the camera.

2. **To unmount:** Unthread the antennas (1, 2) with your fingers.

**WiFi**

Antenna for WiFi signal according 802.11g. Used for remote camera access.

**Bluetooth**

Antenna for Bluetooth signal. Used for wireless audio monitoring and comment channel return with Bluetooth headset. Supports Handsfree and A2DP protocols.

5.1.12 Mounting and unmounting the microphone bracket

**Tools needed**

- 3 mm Allen key
1. With a 3 mm Allen key, attach the microphone bracket (1) to the handle (2).
2. **To unmount**: Loosen the screw (2); remove the bracket (1).

### 5.1.13 Connecting and disconnecting audio devices

#### Connecting audio devices

1. Uncap the needed connectors only (1).
2. Connect the headphone (2).
3. Set the headphone volume by turning the wheel (2).
4. Alternatively, you can use the *SET* wheel on the camera's left. See "Adjusting the headphone volume", page 136.
5. Via switches (3 to 5), select the appropriate setting for your audio device (6):
   - **48V**: Analog microphone level signals with phantom power supply
   - **MIC**: Analog microphone level signals
6. Connect each device (3 to 5) until the connector audibly locks.

Disconnecting audio devices

1. Press the PUSH button to unlock (1).
2. Remove the cable by pulling on the connector.
3. Replace with another cable.
4. Or: Cap the connector for protection.

5.1.14 Changing a lens mount

**DANGER!**

High voltage! Risk of electric shock and fire!
Short circuits may entail lethal injury and damage!
Use original AMIRA or ALEXA Mini lens mounts only.
Before each lens mount change, always switch the camera off and disconnect all power sources.
Changing the lens mount while the camera is powered may permanently damage the camera and lens mount.
Protect sensor and electrical system: Always store the camera with a lens mount properly installed and capped.
Immediately replace each lens mount after removal.
Change lens mounts in dust-free environment only.

**NOTICE**

After each lens mount change, always check the back focus of the camera.
Have the back focus always corrected by properly skilled personnel.
Back focus correction requires special tools and training that meet ARRI guidelines.
For all back focus issues, contact a qualified ARRI Service Center.

**Tools and provisions needed**

- 3 mm Allen key
- Switch the camera off
• Disconnect all power sources
• Properly cap, disconnect, and store the lens
• Perform the task with care to protect all optical surfaces

Uninstalling a lens mount (here: PL mount)

1. Crosswise, loosen all four screws (2) with an Allen key.
2. Carefully remove the mount (1).
3. Store the mount in a case for dust protection.
4. **Note:** To protect the sensor (3), immediately install another lens mount.

Installing a lens mount (here: PL mount)

![Diagram of lens mount installation](image)

**WARNING!**

Condensation! Risk of electric shock and damage!
Humidity may ingress due to misinstalled lens mounts!
When installing a lens mount, always align and attach properly; never apply force.
Hand-tighten all screws crosswise before final tightening.
Always tighten crosswise with the prescribed tool.

1. Properly align the two guiding pins (1) for correct lens mount fit (2).
2. **Note:** Never apply force, align the guiding pins instead.
3. Crosswise, hand-tighten all four screws (1).
4. Only then, tighten all screws crosswise with an Allen key.
5. **Note:** Always store the camera with a lens mount properly installed and capped.

### 5.1.15 Changing a lens

#### NOTICE

Protect the sensor: Always keep a lens or protective cap on the empty lens mount.
Change lenses in dry, dust-free environments only.
Never exceed the maximum lens dimensions.
Have every lens properly shimmed as prescribed by the manufacturer.

**PL mount**

1. Observe maximum lens dimensions.
2. Unlock the lens mount counter-clockwise (1) and remove the lens or cap.
3. **Never** touch the sensor.
4. Either: Mount the next lens and lock (2) the lens mount clockwise.
5. Or: Always cap and lock (2) an empty lens mount clockwise.
EF mount

**Note:** Please use a lens support system for EF lenses above 2 kg/4.4 lbs.

1. Observe maximum lens dimensions.
2. Turn the lever counter-clockwise (1) to unlock the mount.
3. Either: Unscrew the cap.
4. Or: Press and hold the button (2) to unlock the lens.
5. Counter-clockwise, unscrew the lens (3).
6. **Never** touch the sensor.
7. Either: Mount the next lens:
   - Align the dots of both lens and lens mount.
   - Push the lens into the mount.
   - Turn the lens clockwise (5) until the bayonet locks.
   - Turn the lever clockwise (4) to tighten the lens to the lens mount.
8. Or: Always cap the empty lens mount.
5.1.16 Balancing the camera weight

1. Unlock (4) and slide the base adapter (3) until the camera is balanced.
2. Close the clamp (4).
3. Unclock (1) and slide the handle (2) until the camera is balanced.
4. Close the clamp (1).

5.2 Switching on and off

Switching the camera on
- Press the power button (1).

The ARRI and AMIRA logos appear in the audio display (2) and monitor (3).
Switching the camera off

► Press and hold the power button (1).
   A countdown appears in the audio display, monitor, and viewfinder.
   On reaching zero, the camera powers off.
6 Media usage

The following chapter explains how to insert and remove CFast 2.0 cards and USB sticks.

6.1 Inserting and removing a CFast 2.0 card

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NOTICE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AMIRA does not accept ALEXA-formatted CFast 2.0 cards, and vice versa.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Before using a CFast 2.0 card with AMIRA, you must erase it in-camera to create the required file system.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Avoid damage to the contacts of both camera and card. Always insert cards as described in this document.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Never change memory cards when recording - this may damage the recorded clip.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. To insert the card, open the lid (1).
2. Align the card's positive edge (3) facing the camera rear.
3. With the contact pins first, gently insert the card, until it audibly locks (2).
4. Close the lid gently (1). Never force it closed on an unlocked card.
5. To change the active card quickly, you can set up a user button. For more information, see "User buttons", page 131.
6. To remove the card, open the lid (1).
7. Insert the card until it unlocks audibly (2).
8. Remove the card.

List of supported CFast 2.0 cards

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Card type</th>
<th>Card firmware</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SanDisk SDCFSP-060G</td>
<td>HDX8.03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SanDisk SDCFSP-120G</td>
<td>HDX8.03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SanDisk SDCFSP-128G (A, B)</td>
<td>HDX14.14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LEXAR CFAST 128GB 3600x</td>
<td>20150507</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LEXAR CFAST 128GB G2 3600x</td>
<td>20150507</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LEXAR CFAST 256GB 3600x</td>
<td>20150507</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LEXAR CFAST 256GB G2 3600x</td>
<td>20150507</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LEXAR CFAST 256GB G2 3600x</td>
<td>20160507</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
6.2 Inserting and removing USB medium

1. Open the media lid (1)
2. Connect a FAT-formatted USB stick (2) to the camera (3).
   
   The USB memory stick is now ready for use with the camera.

You can remove the stick from the camera without unmounting it.

For information on preparing the USB memory stick for use with the camera, see "Preparing USB medium", page 95.
7 Home screen and camera menu

The AMIRA provides many parameters to customize the camera to suit your shooting needs. The most important parameters are shown and can be modified using the home screen. All other parameters can be modified using the menu.

7.1 Using the on-screen keyboard

Typing names

When you are working with textual parameters on the camera, an on-screen keyboard allows you to text. You can use the keyboard, for example, to enter the name of a white balance preset.

You have the following options:

- Jogwheel (1)
  Selects or confirms characters to form a name.
- Left Arrow (2)
  Moves the cursor back.
- ERASE (3)
  Deletes the character to the left of the cursor.
- Right Arrow (4)
  Moves the cursor forwards.
- SAVE (5)
  Saves the entry.
- CLEAR (6)
  Clears the entire text.
- Aa (7)
  Toggles between upper and lower case.

7.2 Working with lists

For certain parameters, the camera operates with lists that come with default entries and can be customized to suit your needs. You can add and delete entries so that only the entries relevant for your work are listed.
Some lists contain values that can be directly edited in the camera, while other lists show files that can be imported from or exported to the USB medium. Lists showing values or files installed on the camera have a blue background, lists showing ARRI default files or files on the USB medium are shown with a gray background.

All lists have a maximum number of entries. Whenever a list is full, the ADD button is grayed out and a message is shown. You must delete any unnecessary entries to add new ones.

The following parameters work with lists and the values can be edited in the camera:
- HOME > FPS
- HOME > SHUTTER
- HOME > WB

The following parameters work with file-based lists:
- HOME > LOOK
- MENU > Monitoring > Frame lines > Frame line
- MENU > Setups > User setups installed

Maximum list sizes

The following table lists the maximum number of entries for each type of list:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>List</th>
<th>Maximum entries</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FPS</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shutter</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WB</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Looks</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frame lines</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>User setups</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Adding entries

1. Select one of the parameters listed above.
2. Press ADD.
3. For lists with directly editable values:
   a) Enter the desired value.
   b) Press ADD TO LIST.
4. For lists with files:
   a) Press DEFAULTS to see the default files provided by ARRI.
   b) Press USB to see the files on the USB medium.
   c) Select the desired file.
   d) Press the jogwheel to start the import.

**Note:** If a file with the same name already exists, the camera asks whether you want to overwrite the existing file.
Deleting entries
1. Select one of the parameters listed above.
2. Press DELETE.
   The list turns red.
3. Select the entry you want to delete with the jogwheel.
4. Press the jogwheel.
   The camera asks if you want to delete the selected entry.
5. Press CONFIRM to delete the selected entry or press any other button to cancel.

7.3 Home screen

The home screen gives access to essential camera parameters and statuses. The oval screen buttons and the jogwheel allow quick parameter editing. You can return to the home screen by pressing the HOME button.

Note: The switch icons for WB and EI (6 and 8) are always shown. For FPS, SHUTTER and LOOK (3, 5, 7), the switch icon is shown next to the soft button of the function that is assigned to the user switch US.

(01) MENU jogwheel
Press the jogwheel to enter the camera menu.

(02) ALERT message button
If red: Alert messages are available (critical to camera functionality). Press the round button to read them.

(03) FPS button
FPS shows the sensor frame rate, allowing adjustments from 0.750 to 100.000 (200.000 with valid license).
Note: The maximum frame rate that can be set is dependent on the recording resolution and the codec.
Note: The switch icon in the black label is only shown if the US user switch is set to FPS.

Note: If the sensor fps does not match the project rate, the FPS label turns orange and shows an exclamation mark.

(04) **TC button**
Shows the current timecode values and the active project rate, allows adjustment of timecode format and values.

**Note:** If timecode is forced to Rec Run, or external timecode is missing, the TC label turns orange and shows an exclamation mark. Enter the timecode screen by pressing the TC button to see more information on the warning.

(05) **SHUTTER button**
Shows shutter settings adjustable either as angle (5.0° to 356.0°) or exposure time (1/25 to 1/8000s).

Shutter angle, sensor fps and exposure time relate as follows:

\[
\text{exposure time} = \frac{\text{shutter angle}}{(360 \times \text{fps})}.
\]

The maximum shutter angle is limited by the resulting exposure time (1/25s max).

**Note:** The switch icon in the black label is only shown if the US user switch is set to SHUTTER.

(06) **WB button**
WB shows the camera’s current white balance (i.e. the preadjusted color temperature of a light source).

You can adjust WB from 2,000 to 11,000 Kelvin (here: 5,600) in steps of 10 K for red/blue correction.

You can also color-compensate for green/magenta tints in a range from -16.0 to +16.0. Positive or negative CC color compensation values then appear in superscript (here: +0.0).

For automatic white balance: Press AW (on operator panel) twice in one second. This stores the auto-white balance result in the currently active switch position.

(07) **LOOK button**
Shows the REC path processing setting and the name of the active look. Opens the look screen, which provides further access to processing settings of all image paths and global look as well as in camera look editing.

**Note:** The switch icon in the black label is only shown if the US user switch is set to LOOK.

(08) **EI button**
Shows the current EI rating and active ND filter value. Allows you to set the exposure index in ASA.

**Note:** ASA and ISO ratings are identical.

(09) **INFO button**
Provides access to the camera info screens.

### 7.3.1 Status section
The status section on the home screen shows key data about recording, power supply, remaining media capacity, and more:
1 Status icons
2 Audio meters
3 Codec, resolution, aspect ratio
4 Camera status
5 Card status
6 Recording status
7 Battery voltage

(1) Status icons

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Icon</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>![WiFi Icon]</td>
<td>If WiFi mode is Host, depicts a small camera. If WiFi mode is Client, shows the signal strength of the WiFi connection.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>![Bluetooth Icon]</td>
<td>Bluetooth is active and a bluetooth device is connected. If bluetooth talkback is enabled, a small microphone icons is displayed next to 'BT'.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>![LDS Icon]</td>
<td>Indicates an error on the LDS interface.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>![Humidity Icon]</td>
<td>Shows that the high humidity mode is active.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| ![Temperature Icon] | Alerts on sensor temperature issues:  
  - Black: warning  
  - Orange: error  
  - Red: system temperature error (see INFO > System status) |
| ![Fan Noise Icon] | Icon color shows the fan noise status:  
  - Gray: about to increase above 20 dBa.  
  - Orange: higher than 20 dBa. |
| ![USB Icon] | Icon color shows USB memory status:  
  - White: ready  
  - Gray: read only  
  - Orange: not usable |
(1) Icon color shows frame grab status:
- **White**: frame grab is active.
- **Orange**: frame grab failed. Typically cause by missing USB.

(2) Audio meters

Shows current level of camera audio channel signals. If audio is disabled, the speaker icon is crossed out.

Black markers at signal levels -20, -18, -9 dBFS for reference test tone. Yellow marker at -5 dBFS and red marker at -2 dBFS indicate a signal close to clipping. A red frame around the meter indicates a clipping at the A/D stage.

(3) Codec, resolution, aspect ratio

Currently active codec, recording resolution, and aspect ratio.

(4) Camera status

STBY: Ready for recording
REC: Recording
PRERECC: Prerereording
ERASE: Erasing a CFast 2.0 card. Active erasing disables recording
PLAY: Camera is in playback
None (IDLE): Recording not possible (e.g. no card inserted, card is full)
(5) Card status

![Card status](image)

Remaining capacity of CFast 2.0 cards, at current FPS and codec combination, in real time.
The currently active card is marked by a triangle on the right.
When card capacity is less than 2 minutes, capacity values start flashing.

(6) Current clip information

![Current clip information](image)

- **REEL**: Current reel (camera index letter and reel number) of active recording medium.
- **CLIP**: Current clip of current reel.
- **DUR**: Duration of currently recorded clip (during REC) or last recorded clip (during STBY).

(7) BAT

![Battery status](image)

Current battery supply levels.

### 7.3.2 Info screens

1. Choose **HOME > i**.
   The INFO list is displayed. It offers access to detailed information in various subscreens. You have the following options:
   - **Version info**
   - **System info**
   - **Maximum FPS info**
   - **CARD info**
   - **USB info**
   - **Network info**
   - **Lens info**
   - **User button info**
   - **Export HW info file**
Home screen and camera menu

- Export logfiles
- Export update logfiles
- Export user manual

Version info
- **Software**
  Shows the camera software version. The first two parts identify the SUP version.
- **Revision**
  Detailed information on software version.
- **FPGA**
  Firmware version of currently active FPGA (indicated by number in brackets).
- **MVF-1 software**
  Software version of MVF-1 (only shown if connected).
- **CCP-1 software**
  Software version of CCP-1 (only shown if connected).
- **Lens mount software**
  Software version of lens mount.

System info
- **Time + Date**
  Current system time and date of camera.
- **Camera serial no.**
  Serial number of camera.
- **Operating hours**
  Total operational time of camera in hours:minutes.
- **Camera license model**
  Active license model of camera, can be: Eco, Advanced or Premium.
- **Sensor temperature**
  Current temperature of image sensor.
- **Sensor temp. state**
  Rates the sensor temperature according to: OK, Warning, Error.
- **Camera temp. state**
  Rates the camera temperature according to: OK, Warning, Error.

Maximum FPS info
- **Sensor FPS**
  Maximum sensor frame rate with the current recording resolution of the camera.
- **Codec FPS**
  Maximum sensor frame rate with the camera's current codec setting.
- **Card FPS**
  Maximum sensor frame rate supported by the inserted card with the current recording codec and camera's resolution setting.

**NOTICE**
The lowest value determines the maximum selectable fps value.
Card A/B info
Shows information on the CFast 2.0 cards. Use the jogwheel to change between card A and card B.
- **CARD status**: Status of card.
- **CARD model**: Name of card model.
- **CARD SN#**: Serial number of card.
- **CARD FW version**: Firmware version of card.
- **CARD size**: Total storage size of card.
- **CARD clip count**: Amount of clips on card.

USB info
- **USB Status**: Status of USB medium.
- **Storage free/total**: Free and total available storage on USB medium in megabyte.
- **Frame line files**: Number of frame line files on USB medium and maximum number of files recognizable by camera.
- **License files**: Number of license files on USB medium and maximum number of files recognizable by camera.
- **Look files**: Number of look files on USB medium and maximum number of files recognizable by camera.
- **Setup files**: Number of user setup files on USB medium and maximum number of files recognizable by camera.
- **SUP files**: Number of SUP (software update package) files on USB medium and maximum number of files recognizable by camera.

Network info
- **WiFi network**: Name of connected network (client mode).
- **WiFi IP**: IP address of camera via WiFi.
- **LAN IP**: IP address of camera via Ethernet.
- **Web remote**: URL address of camera remote control website.
- **Bluetooth status**: Status of Bluetooth module.

Lens info
- **Lens status**: Status of lens connected to camera.
- **Model**
  Lens model name according to manufacturer.
- **SN#**
  Serial number of lens.
- **Focal length**
  (Current) focal length of lens in mm.
- **Focus**
  Current focus distance value of lens according to user preference setting of distance unit (metric/imperial).
- **Iris**
  Current iris value of lens.
- **SETTINGS button**
  Quick link to the lens mount settings menu, see "Lens mount settings", page 117.

**User button info**
Shows functions assigned to user buttons of camera body and MVF-1.
For more information, see "User buttons", page 131.

**Export HW info file**
HW info files are required to order licenses in the ARRI License Shop or may be requested by camera service to get detailed information on the camera's hardware and components.

After generating, the resulting file will be exported to the USB medium in the ARRI/AMIRA/LICENSES folder.

**Export logfiles**
Logfiles help camera service to analyze problems. In normal circumstances, logfile export is not required.
Logfiles will be exported to the USB medium in the ARRI/AMIRA/LOG folder.

**Export update logfiles**
Similar to normal logfiles, update logfiles help camera service to analyze problems that occurred during the update process. In normal circumstances, exporting update logfiles is not required.
Update logfiles will be exported to the USB medium in the ARRI/AMIRA/LOG folder.

**Export user manual**
This screen allows you to export the camera quick guide and user manual in .pdf format.
Quick guide and user manual will be exported to the USB medium into the folder ARRI/AMIRA/MANUAL.

### 7.3.3** ALERT messages screen**

**ALERT** messages communicate critical system states to the user. They require immediate action and remain active until the state returns to normal.
A red exclamation mark, visible on the home screen, the monitor, EVF and SDI overlays (if active), indicates active alert messages.

1. On the home screen, press the button showing the exclamation mark (1) to access the alert messages.
   The icon will turn gray, if no alert message is active.

### 7.4 Camera menu

The camera menu gives access to all camera settings that are not part of the home screen.

To access the menu: press the jogwheel (1) while the camera is showing the home screen.
1. Via the jogwheel (1), scroll up or down to select the desired entry (3).
2. Entries with an arrow navigate to a lower menu level:
   - To navigate to the submenu: press the jogwheel (1).
   - To return to a higher menu level: press BACK (4).
3. Entries with a value allow direct editing:
   - To edit a value: press the jogwheel (1), then turn the jogwheel (1) to select the desired value.
   - To confirm and end editing: press the jogwheel (1).
   - To cancel editing: press BACK (4).
4. To leave the menu: press HOME (2).

### 7.5 Camera's main settings

The following chapter lists the most important parameters of the camera. Before starting a production, you will probably have to adjust these parameters to suit your needs.

#### 7.5.1 Selecting the recording codec

1. Choose Menu > Recording > Recording codec.
   
   You have the following options:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Recording codec</th>
<th>Color coding</th>
<th>Bit rate (VBR) ***</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ProRes 422 LT</td>
<td>10 bit YCbCr</td>
<td>90 Mb/s</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ProRes 422</td>
<td>10 bit YCbCr</td>
<td>125 Mb/s</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ProRes 422 HQ*</td>
<td>10 bit YCbCr</td>
<td>185 Mb/s</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ProRes 4444**</td>
<td>12 bit YCbCr</td>
<td>280 Mb/s</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ProRes 4444 XQ**</td>
<td>12 bit YCbCr</td>
<td>420 Mb/s</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPEG-2 HD 422</td>
<td>8 bit YCbCr</td>
<td>50 Mb/s</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2. Select the desired recording codec.

**Note:** When the recording codec family is changed, the camera has to perform a partial software reload. A popup shows the settings that are affected by the reload and that may not be available in the new mode. After confirming the popup, the software is reloaded.

**Note:** MPEG-2 HD limits the camera to sync speeds. The sensor fps is automatically set to the equivalent of the project rate.

### 7.5.2 Setting the recording resolution

The list of available recording resolutions depends on the recording codec. For information on selecting the recording codec, see "Selecting the recording codec", page 70.

1. Choose **Menu > Recording > Resolution**.

   You have the following options:
   - **ProRes codec**:
     - **S16 HD**: uses a 1600 x 900 sensor center crop and scales it to full HD 1920 x 1080. Records images in 1920x1080 resolution.
     - **HD**: records images in 1920x1080 resolution.
     - **2K**: records images in 2048x1152 resolution.
     - **3.2K**: records images in 3200x1800 resolution.
     - **4K UHD**: records images in 3840x2160 resolution.

   * requires 4K UHD license.

2. Select the desired recording resolution.

**Note:** Changing between recording resolutions may require a software reload. Confirm the reload before it is performed.

A popup shows the settings that are affected by the reload and which may not be available in the new mode. After confirming the popup, the software is reloaded.

#### S16 HD Resolution

In ProRes codec, the camera can be changed to a recording resolution of S16 HD. This resolution records 1920x1080 image from a 1600x900 sensor pixel count, which allows for using S16 PL mount lenses on the camera such as the ARRI Ultra 16 series. The image circle of the S16 HD mode is 15.1 mm, which is slightly larger than the usual Super 16 image circle of 14.5 mm. For most lenses, this should not introduce vignetting in the recorded image area. But individual testing, covering all lens iris and focus settings is recommended. Be careful when mounting S16 lenses to the camera for the first time. Lenses that reach very deep into the mount may not work and collide with the cover glass in front of the internal ND filter system. The available depth is 39.5mm. This does cover lenses that fitted into a standard S16 Film camera. When used with lenses intended for S35 sensors, the S16 HD resolution can be used as a digital extender.

### 7.5.3 Project settings

The project settings menu contains settings that should be configured at the beginning of each project.

▶ Choose **Menu > Recording > Project settings**.
7.5.3.1 Setting a project rate

The project rate sets the timecode timebase and the playback frame rate. The timecode timebase determines how many frames the timecode counts per second. The playback frame rate determines the frame rate at which clips will be played back.

1. You have the following options:
   - Choose **Menu > Recording > Project settings > Project rate**.
   - Choose **HOME > TC > PROJ. RATE**.

   The following values are available:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Project rate</th>
<th>Scan format</th>
<th>Sensor real-time recording</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>23.976p</td>
<td>Progressive</td>
<td>23.976 fps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24p</td>
<td>Progressive</td>
<td>24 fps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25p</td>
<td>Progressive</td>
<td>25 fps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29.97p</td>
<td>Progressive</td>
<td>29.97 fps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30p</td>
<td>Progressive</td>
<td>30 fps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>48p</td>
<td>Progressive</td>
<td>48 fps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50p</td>
<td>Progressive</td>
<td>50 fps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>59.94p</td>
<td>Progressive</td>
<td>59.94 fps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60p</td>
<td>Progressive</td>
<td>60 fps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50i</td>
<td>Interlaced</td>
<td>50 fps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>59.94i</td>
<td>Interlaced</td>
<td>59.94 fps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60i</td>
<td>Interlaced</td>
<td>60 fps</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2. Select the desired project rate.

- **NOTICE**
  - Changing the project rate will match the sensor fps setting to the project rate, unless the user switch is set to **FPS**. A popup will inform you about this. SDI fps should also be checked when changing the project rate.
  - Setting the camera to an interlaced project rate requires the sensor to run at an equal frequency to capture real-time images. Therefore, as an example, project rate 50i requires the sensor to be set to 50 fps.
  - With MPEG-2 HD, the camera is limited to sync speeds. The sensor fps is automatically set to the equivalent of the project rate.
  - MPEG-2 HD only supports project rates 23.976p, 25p, 29.97p, 50i and 59.94i.
  - Interlaced project rates are only available in recording resolutions HD, S16 HD and MPEG-2 HD.

7.5.3.2 Setting the next reel count

Sets the reel number assigned to the next new medium used for internal recording. A new medium is either a blank card or a card with reels of other AMIRA cameras. The camera automatically advances the reel number every time new media is formatted on the camera. The reel number is reflected in clip names and is displayed on the home screen.

- Choose **MENU > Recording > Project settings > Next reel count**.

7.5.3.3 Setting the camera index

Give each camera a unique camera index so that you can identify the individual camera unit (A, B, C etc.) in clip and reel names.
You can also activate the camera index in the SDI status overlays to easily identify the camera. For more information, see "Setting EVF/SDI status info components", page 103.

► Choose MENU > Recording > Project settings > Camera index to select the camera index in the range from A to Z.

7.5.3.4 Defining the camera ID prefix

You can define the first character of the Camera ID. The Camera ID is a Base36 representation of the camera serial number and part of each clip's name. It allows you to match each clip to a specific camera. You set the camera ID prefix individually on each camera.

► Choose MENU > Recording > Project settings > Camera ID prefix to select the ID prefix in the range from A to Z.

7.5.3.5 Setting the lens squeeze factor

Select to set the squeeze factor of the lens that is in use. This value is written into the metadata of the clip and allows video players and editing software to automatically desqueeze clips that have been shot with anamorphic lenses.

The lens squeeze factor also determines the factor that is used for anamorphic desqueeze on EVF/Monitor and SDI. For information on activating anamorphic desqueeze, see "Activating anamorphic desqueeze for EVF/Monitor and SDI ", page 105.

Supported lens squeeze factors are 1.0x and 1.3x. 1.3x anamorphic desqueeze is supported in recording resolutions
- 3.2K
- UHD

► Choose MENU > Recording > Project settings > Lens squeeze factor.

7.5.4 Sensor frame rate

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NOTICE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maximum frame rate is 100 fps without an advanced or premium license. Advanced and premium licenses enable a maximum of 200 fps. Always use CFast 2.0 cards with maximum write rates. For example, 60 GB cards are slower than 120 GB cards and may limit the fps (depending on the currently set codec). The maximum possible frame rate may be limited by the set recording codec, recording resolution and CFast 2.0 card model. See user manual appendix for a detailed list of fps limits.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
7.5.4.1 Setting the sensor frame rate

1. Choose HOME > FPS.
   - The user switch is not configured to FPS: The FPS list opens (skip forward to FPS list).
   - The user switch is configured to FPS: The FPS switch screen opens.
2. (If FPS switch screen is shown): Press the jogwheel to open the FPS list.
   **Note:** You can only change the frame rate for the current switch position.
   The FPS list is displayed.
3. Via jogwheel, scroll to the desired value.
4. Press the jogwheel to activate the value.

**NOTICE**

MPEG-2 HD limits the camera is to sync speeds. The sensor fps is automatically set to the equivalent of the project rate, and the user switch is disabled, if set to FPS.

7.5.5 SHUTTER settings

You can select your preferred shutter unit:

- **Shutter angle** converts exposure time into the angle of a virtual rotating mirror shutter as in film cameras.
  A fixed angle creates varying exposure times with varying frame rates. You can set angles from 5.0 to 356.0 degrees.

- **Exposure time** shows the effective sensor exposure time. With varying frame rates, it remains identical and can be set from 1/1 to 1/8000 seconds.

**Note:** Maximum exposure time with a given frame rate is 1/fps, with a limit of 1/1 seconds. When the selected exposure time is no longer possible because you changed the frame rate, the camera uses the longest exposure time possible. For example, if you configured 1/25s at 25 fps and you change the sensor fps to 50, the camera will use 1/50s.

**Note:** The camera sensor is optimized for exposure times shorter than 1/24s and image artifacts like individual overexposed pixels can appear when using longer exposure times.

For a constant exposure time over a range of used frame rates, set it to 1/(highest used frame rate).

7.5.5.1 Selecting the SHUTTER unit

1. Choose HOME > SHUTTER.
2. Press SWITCH UNIT.
   A confirmation screen is displayed.
3. Confirm with OK or cancel with any other button.
   The camera returns to the home screen. The shutter unit has changed (from time to angle or vice-versa).
7.5.5.2 Setting a SHUTTER value

1. Choose HOME > SHUTTER.
   - The user switch is not configured to shutter: The shutter list opens.
   - The user switch is configured to shutter: The shutter switch screen opens.
2. (If shutter switch screen is shown): Press the jogwheel to open the shutter list.
   - **Note:** You can only change the shutter for the current switch position.
   The shutter list is displayed.
3. Via jogwheel, scroll to the desired value.
4. Press the jogwheel to activate the value.

Adjusting the shutter for filming a monitor

1. Set unit to angle.
2. Go to SHUTTER > SELECT > ADD.
3. Select the third digit (single degrees).
4. Adjust the shutter value until the monitor image flickers the least.
5. Select the fourth digit (sub-degrees).
6. Fine-adjust the shutter value until there is no more flicker visible.
7. Press ADD TO LIST to add the shutter value to the list.

7.5.6 Exposure index

The Exposure Index (EI) is the applied sensitivity of the camera. The AMIRA has a base sensitivity of 800 ASA. This means that the dynamic range is almost evenly distributed above and below neutral gray with low noise in the shadows and clean, smooth clipping behavior in the highlights. Due to its high dynamic range, the AMIRA's sensitivity can be set from 160 to 3200 ASA in steps of 1/3 stops while maintaining high image quality:

\[
\begin{align*}
\text{EI 160} & : 1.0 \\
\text{EI 200} & : 0.5 \\
\text{EI 400} & : 0.3 \\
\text{EI 800} & : 0.4 \\
\text{EI 1600} & : 0.8 \\
\text{EI 3200} & : 0.4
\end{align*}
\]

Applying the exposure indexes at the extremes of the range will nonetheless have an influence on the images.

At low exposure indexes, such as 160 ASA, the dynamic range below neutral gray increases, reduces noise even further. At the same time, the dynamic range above neutral gray is slightly reduced.

Highlight clipping itself is not influenced by this, but the shoulder of the processing curve will be slightly steeper, reducing the smoothness of the change from almost overexposed to overexposed.

At high exposure indexes, such as 1600 ASA, the images behave in the opposite way. Noise is increased, which makes it important to judge shadow detail, while there will be even more headroom in the highlights:
### 7.5.6.1 Setting EI

1. Choose **HOME > EI**.

   A switch screen shows the preset exposure indexes. You can only change the value for the current switch position.

2. Press the jogwheel.

3. Scroll up or down with the jogwheel to increase or to decrease the EI.

4. Press the jogwheel to confirm or press **BACK** to cancel editing.

### 7.5.6.2 Selecting the ND filter

**NOTICE**

AMIRA uses FSND (Full Spectrum Neutral Density) filters, which are linear across the full spectrum of the camera sensor. This prevents artifacts from infrared wavelengths and the need for additional IR filters.

The camera contains an internal ND filter module, consisting of ND 0 (Clear), 0.6, 1.2 and 2.1 filters. The filters can be operated via user buttons, MVF-1, web remote, or WCU-4.
The ND filter switch controls the internal ND filter module. Filter densities of 0.6, 1.2 and 2.1 allow quick exposure changes and compensation over a range of seven stops.

1. To activate a filter: Switch to the desired filter position.

Other ways to control ND filter

The ND filter can also be controlled with user buttons, the web remote or the overlay menu, accessible via HOME>EI>ND. Any of these may result in the active ND filter not matching the ND switch position.

A difference between current switch position and active ND filter is indicated by an orange ND value on the homescreen and in the status overlays of monitor, EVF and SDI images (if overlays are active). The currently selected ND filter is also stored and recalled from user setup files.

To give precedence to the ND filter switch, change the switch position once.

### 7.5.6.3 Adjusting the iris (EF lenses) manually

1. Choose **HOME > EI > IRIS**.
   
   A screen showing the current iris value is displayed.

2. Turn the jogwheel up or down to open or close the iris. Press the jogwheel to toggle between full stops and substops.

   **Note:** Sub-stop precision depends on the lens type and is automatically set by the camera.

#### Activating iris adjustment on the live screen

► On the live screen, you can activate and deactivate iris adjustment by short-pressing the lower round button. Keeping the button pressed activates iris adjustment until it is released.

   **Note:** Depending on the orientation of the monitor, the round button may be located on the right.

### 7.5.6.4 Defining the auto iris calculation

The camera can perform an auto iris calculation and adjust the lens iris automatically, if supported by the mounted lens. The auto iris function can be triggered via a user button. For more information on user buttons, see “User buttons”, page 131. The auto iris calculation can be configured with the following settings.

1. Choose **HOME > EI > IRIS > OPTIONS**.

   You have the following options:

   - **Auto iris mode**
     
     Defines the iris calculation.

     - **Integral**
       
       Iris is calculated based on full image content.
     
     - **Center**
       
       Iris is calculated with higher priority on image center.

   - **Auto iris offset**
     
     Offsets the auto iris calculation result by up to +/- 3 stops in 1/3 stops.
7.5.7 **White balance**

White Balance (WB) is the color balance of the camera that should be matched to the color temperature of the light in use. There are three methods for setting the white balance:

- white balance presets
- user-defined white balance
- automatic white balance

White balance is a red-blue adjustment of the image. To adjust the green-magenta balance, use the color compensation (CC) adjustment. For example, a fluorescent source will have peaks in its spectrum that cannot be corrected with red-blue white balance alone. The CC shift can correct these peaks up to a full green or full magenta gel. One step of CC shift is equal to 0.35 Kodak CC values or 1/8 Rosco values.

7.5.7.1 **Setting a WB value**

1. Choose HOME > WB.
   
   The WB switch screen opens.

2. Press the jogwheel to open the WB list.
   
   **Note:** You can only change the WB for the current switch position.

   The WB list is displayed.

3. Via jogwheel, scroll to the desired value.

4. Press the jogwheel to activate the value.

7.5.7.2 **WB Options**

1. Choose HOME > WB > OPTIONS.
   
   You have the following options:

   - **Auto WB mode**
     
     Sets the calculation method of auto white balance. Matrix analyzes the full image and uses the image part best suited for WB calculation, while Center uses the image center area only.

   - **WB tracking on position IV**
     
     If activated, moving the WB switch to position IV activates automatic white balance tracking, where the white balance value is continuously updated based on the image scene.

   **Note:** WB tracking always uses matrix mode for WB calculation.

7.5.8 **Timecode**

Timecode ensures that every image of recorded media can be identified with a unique value and synced with corresponding media, such as sound or the second camera in a 3D application. When used with other metadata, such as reel names, all recorded media retains its unique identity.

The following are two ways of using timecode on a production:
Free run timecode, time of day

- **Use:** This format is often used on multi-camera productions with sync-sound, i.e. the sensor frame rate matches the project rate, sound and image timecode match and allow for easy syncing in post.
- **Setup:** The sound department acts as the timecode master, and generates timecode which uses the time of day as a value, and a time base matching the project frame rate. Twenty-four hours of time will translate into twenty-four hours of time code. Timecode is fed to the camera via the TC connector. The project fps setting must match both the sensor frame rate and the time base of the external timecode signal.
- The camera can be set to timecode mode jam sync, in which it samples the timecode value once from the timecode connector and then continues counting based on its own high-precision crystal clock. The timecode source can be disconnected from the camera after jamming in jam sync mode. This mode ensures stable timecode with an offset of less than one frame for each eight hours, after which the camera has to be re-jammed. Alternatively, the camera can be set to timecode mode regenerate (regen). In regen mode, the camera uses the timecode value of the external timecode source. This ensures correct timecode for an infinite duration, but the timecode source must remain connected to the camera. Note that the camera ignores external timecode when recording and counts using its internal clock to avoid timecode jumps, should connection problems arise, e.g. due to a faulty timecode cable.
- **Variations:** If shooting starts close to midnight, the timecode may be started with an offset time of day to prevent a rollover at midnight.
- **Restrictions:** Free run timecode is only possible, if the camera is running at sync-sound speed. If the camera is over- or undercranking, the timecode frame rate will no longer match the sensor framerate, and timecode values would either be duplicated or dropped. To prevent this, the camera will automatically switch to run mode rec run when the sensor frame rate is changed.

Rec run timecode

- **Use:** Rec run timecode is often used on single camera productions that are either MOS or use a dumb slate to sync picture and sound. Record run timecode guarantees continuous timecode on all recorded data. Record runtime code also works with over- and underrcranking.
- **Setup:** The timecode run mode must be set to rec run, the mode to regenerate. Timecode counts up only during recording, by one frame for each image generated by the sensor. The timecode counts at the project frame rate set on the camera. Normally, the timecode hour value advances by one hour for each new reel, using only hours 01-20 for reel 1-20, and then restarting at hour 01 for reel 21.
- **Variations:** Rec run timecode might be used for off-speed work on productions that use external timecode sources for all sync sound.
- **Restrictions:** None.

7.5.8.1 Editing the timecode value

**Note:** *EDIT* is available only when timecode is in preset mode. For information on the mode, see "Setting timecode mode", page 80.

1. Choose **HOME > TC > EDIT**.

2. You have the following options:
   - For TC = 00:00:00:00: Press **RESET**.
   - For TC = current system time: Press **SET TO TIME**.

Via jogwheel, you can change each value. Scroll up or down to increase or decrease the value. Press the jogwheel to select the next digit pair.
3. Press DONE to save the changes. Cancel with BACK.

7.5.8.2 Changing the project rate

You can change the project rate. You have the following options:

- Choose HOME > TC > PROJ. RATE.
- Choose MENU > Recording > Project settings > Project rate.

For information on changing the project rate, see "Setting a project rate", page 72.

7.5.8.3 Timecode options

The following sections show the available timecode options.

Setting timecode run mode

1. Choose HOME SCREEN > TC > Options > Run mode.

You have the following options:

- Rec run
  Timecode increases during recording only. The timecode value increases with every frame generated by the sensor while recording.

- Free run
  Timecode increases with every new frame generated by the sensor, independently from recording.

Note: Free run is only possible if the sensor fps equals the project fps (i.e. shooting sync speed). Otherwise, the camera temporarily switches to rec run. The free run timecode continues to count in the background.

When you set the sensor frame rate back to equal the project frame rate, the timecode will synchronize itself to the free run timecode again.

If you synchronized your camera to an external signal while it was in free run, you can shoot offspeed shots in rec run timecode and return to sync speed afterwards. The camera will return to free run timecode and seamlessly reconnect to the previously synchronized timecode.

Setting timecode mode

- Choose HOME > TC > Options > Mode.

You have the following options:

- Regen
  Depending on the timecode run mode, regen behaves differently:
  Run mode rec run: The camera determines the timecode of the last frame of the last recorded clip and increments it by one for the next clip. This ensures consecutive timecodes for a sequence of clips.
  Run mode free run: The timecode source should be connected to the camera permanently. The camera continuously reads the timecode signal at the timecode connector as long as it is present. Upon disconnection or loss of signal, the camera continues counting on its own, but will indicate the missing signal through an orange exclamation mark on the TC button on the home screen. When the external signal is reconnected, the camera uses the value of the external signal again. Regen mode will disable manual editing of the timecode.

- Preset
  The camera uses its internal counter.
Jam sync
The camera samples the timecode value and simultaneously tunes its internal timecode clock to match the clock of the timecode source. During this procedure, the timecode display on the home screen, in the timecode screen as well as on the status overlays is flashing. Jamming has finished when the timecode display stops flashing, then the timecode source can be disconnected. The camera continues counting based on its own high-precision crystal clock now. This mode ensures stable timecode with a drift of less than one frame over eight hours, after which the camera has to be re-jammed.
Note: Due to the tuning mechanism, jamming the camera might take up to 30 seconds and a timeout is issued if tuning could not be completed after 60 seconds.

Note: You can edit timecode in preset mode only.

Viewing the timecode regen source
Based on the timecode run mode, the camera determines the timecode regen source automatically.
If the run mode is set to Free run, it regenerates timecode from the timecode input connector. If set to Rec run, it regenerates timecode from the last clip of the active recording card by continuing seamlessly from the last active value.

NOTICE
It is recommended to use LTC with a genlock signal to reduce the risk of timecode drifts.
Genlock can either be a black burst or tri-level sync signal, or the timecode signal itself. The genlock signal is used to tune the camera clock generator.
1. Make sure sensor fps equals project rate
2. Choose MENU > System > Sensor and set Genlock to the desired source.
3. Connect the genlock source to the camera.
4. If possible, keep the genlock source connected to camera.
5. Otherwise, wait for at least 100 frames (about 5 seconds) for genlock signal to tune the camera.
6. Then set MENU > System > Sensor > Genlock to Off and disconnect genlock source from the camera.

Choose HOME > TC > Options > Region source.
The region source is displayed. The following options are possible:
° LTC in
° Media

Setting timecode count mode
Sets the preference for how timecode is counted with non-integer project rates 29.97p, 59.94p, 59.94i.

Choose HOME > TC > Options > Count mode.
You have the following options:
° Non-Dropframe
Timecode increases with every frame without compensation, resulting in a 1,001 count for 1,000 frames.
○ **Dropframe**
  Timecode values are dropped with a defined pattern (frame counts 00 and 01 of every minute, except every 10th minute) to re-adjust for the drift. A semicolon between timecode seconds and frames indicates an active dropframe timecode.

**Setting timecode offset**
You can apply an offset to LTC input signals to compensate for timecode offsets in external devices.
1. Choose **HOME > TC > Options > TC offset**
2. Adjust the timecode offset the range of -20 to +20 frames.

**Setting TC BNC mode**
You can set the mode of the TC I/O connector.
- Choose **HOME > TC > Options > TC BNC mode**. You have the following options:
  - **OFF**
    The connector is not in use.
  - **TC in**
    The camera samples the timecode signal from the connector.
  - **TC out**
    The camera outputs the internal timecode signal via the connector.

### 7.5.9 **LOOK** settings

Looks alter the image color in a creative way. Due to a high-quality rendering core, AMIRA is capable of applying looks in production quality, fully in-camera.

The following looks come pre-installed with the camera:
- **ARRI 709**: Renders the video image according to the ITU.R-BT709 standard, for most accurate color reproduction on standard broadcast monitors.
- **ALEXA Classic 709 (requires premium license)**: Matches the color reproduction of AMIRA to the ARRI ALEXA.
- **ARRI 2100 PQ 1K 200**: Renders an image for a PQ (SMPTE 2084, ITU-R BT.2100) monitor. The maximum luminance is 1000 cd/m², which is a PQ level of 75%. The diffuse scene white (2.5 stops above the gray card) will appear with a luminance of 200 cd/m².
- **ARRI 2100 HLG 1K 200**: Renders an image for a HLG (Hybrid Log Gamma, ITU-R BT.2100) monitor. It is assumed that the monitor has maximum luminance of 1000 cd/m². In this case, the image will look the same as when the PQ look is used with a PQ monitor.
- **ARRI 709 Multicam**: Editable version of ARRI 709 for use with the multicam feature. For more information, see "Multicam", page 119.
- **Commercial**: Renders the image brighter for smoother skin tones.
- **Landscape**: Applies a steeper contrast curve to the image.
- **LCC 709**: Low Contrast Curve look that keeps more details in highlights for color correction purposes.
- **TV-neutral**: A Rec 709 like look, which is more saturated in colors with slightly lower blacks.
- **TV-warm**: Same as TV neutral, just with a little bit warmer look overall.
- **Vibrant**: Boosts color saturation except for red and yellow (skintone protection).
For information on the ARRI Look Library, see "Use of the ARRI Look Library", page 89.

To create look files for the camera, download the free Mac OS utility ARRI Color Tool from the ARRI website:
https://www.arri.com/camera/amira/tools/arri_color_tool/

7.5.9.1 Selecting a Look file

1. Choose HOME > LOOK.
   - The user switch is not configured to Look: The Look list opens.
   - The user switch is configured to Look: The Look switch screen opens.

2. (If Look switch screen is shown): Press the jogwheel to open the Look list.
   *Note:* You can only change the Look for the current switch position.
   The Look list is displayed.

3. Via jogwheel, scroll to the desired value.

4. Press the jogwheel to activate the value.

7.5.9.2 Configuring processing and color spaces

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NOTICE</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Changing the processing setting to Log C requires an advanced or premium license.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. Choose HOME > LOOK > CONFIG.
   The processing settings and color spaces for the different image paths are displayed.

2. Select and confirm the required processing or color space for each image path.
   You have the following options:
   - Recording processing
     - Log C
     - Look
   - EVF/Mon proc.
     - Log C
     - Look
     - ALEXA Classic 709
   - SDI 1 processing
     - Log C
     - Look
     - ALEXA Classic 709
   - SDI 2 processing
     - Log C
     - Look
     - ALEXA Classic 709
   - SDI 1 color space
• **REC 709**
• **REC 2020**
  ◦ **SDI 2 color space**
    • **REC 709**
    • **REC 2020**

**Log C**

Based on the Cineon format for output to film print or digital intermediate, this logarithmic processing requires color-grading in postproduction.

On standard broadcast monitors, Log C images appear flat and desaturated. Proper display, dailies and editing proxies require a conversion look-up table (LUT).

Create preview LUTs with the ARRI LUT Generator at www.arridigital.com.

**Note:** Log C is not supported with MPEG-2-HD.

**LOOK**

Applies a video display processing to camera images. The default **ARRI 709** look complies with the ITU.R-BT709 standard for display on standard broadcast monitors.

**ALEXA Classic 709**

Creates a Rec 709 equivalent image in the same way that it is processed in the ALEXA Classic product line. This setting may be used when the selected Look file alters the image too drastically, but a Log C image would be too flat for monitoring.

**REC 709**

Material recorded in Rec 709 (short for ITU-Recommendation BT.709) has a display specific encoding. The purpose of a display specific encoding is to immediately provide a visually correct representation of the camera material, when it is screened on a certain display device. This is achieved by mapping the actual contrast range of the scene into the contrast range that a display device can reproduce. Examples of display specific encodings are Rec 709 for HDTV screens or DCI P3 for Digital Cinema Projectors. On the downside, a display specific encoding puts some limits on the options for a colorist.

**REC 2020**

Rec 2020 is a wider color space than Rec 709, which is the current industry standard for HD. Rec 2020 promises more brilliant images, though only new display technology is able to show these. Traditional Rec 709 displays (like TVs or ordinary computer displays) can not display Rec 2020.

While Rec 709 is the encoding color space for HDTV, Rec 2020 is the encoding color space for UHD. The primary colors lie on the spectral locus and it is thus possible to have more saturated colors in images. It does not mean, however, that all colors look more saturated. When properly converted, a Rec 709 image will look exactly the same when displayed on a Rec 2020 display. Rec 2020 is an encoding standard. A TV or display may not support the full gamut. Nevertheless, it will correctly display the colors within its physical gamut. To get the “Premium” logo of the UHD Alliance, for example, a TV needs to support a minimum of 90% of the P3 gamut.
7.5.9.3 Duplicating a Look file

By duplicating a Look file, you can create a new Look file based on an existing one. To create a new Look file within the camera, duplicate Rec 709 and edit its parameters. Except for Rec 709, you can rename all look files.

1. Choose HOME > LOOK > EDIT.
   The list of installed looks is displayed.
2. Via jogwheel, scroll to the desired file.
3. Press DUPLICATE.
   A file name editor opens. For information on using the on-screen keyboard, see “Using the on-screen keyboard”, page 59.
4. Enter the name of the new Look file.
5. Press SAVE.
   Note: You cannot save a file with an existing name.
   You have now created a copy of the original Look file.

7.5.9.4 Look parameters

A Look file contains different parameters for altering the image. The Look parameters screen shows the values of the different parameters and allows you to edit them directly in the camera, if the Look file is modifiable.

NOTICE

User-defined looks may contain a non-editable 3D LUT instead of video parameters.
Editing Log C parameters requires the Advanced license.
Import of looks with 3D LUTs requires the Premium license.

► Choose HOME > LOOK > LOOK PARAM.
The Look parameters screen is displayed.

- Slope, Offset, Power, Saturation
  Affect ASC CDL images under Log C.
- Black Gamma, Gamma, Knee, Saturation, Saturation by Hue
  Affect VIDEO images.
- ASC CDL parameters
  Are applied to the image before VIDEO parameters. Please refer to the ARRI white paper on color parameters (for download at www.arri.com).
**Note:** All look transforms, including ASC CDL, are applied in the conversion from Log C to Video color space. When you choose Log C as gamma for an image path, the clean Log C image is routed to this path.

**ASC CDL transforms**

The American Society of Cinematographers has specified a set of transforms that have become standard in postproduction. They are determined by slope, offset, power and saturation (applied in that order).

All these parameters are based on simple color manipulations (multiplying with a factor, adding an offset, raising to an exponent). Noted as "Color Decision List" (ASC CDL), they offer an exchange format for basic look transformations between color correction systems and editing tools by different manufacturers.

The AMIRA image processing applies ASC CDL transforms to the Log C encoded image. This allows manipulations such as exposure correction or bringing down highlights, before the picture is converted to the display color space with its steeper contrast curve.

ASC CDL adjustments are available for AMIRA Advanced and Premium.

**Slope**

The linear section of the Log C curve is equivalent to the processing of a negative film stock. The Log C curve has a default processing of approximately 0.51 (adjustable via slope parameter).

A slope value of 1.2 will have a similar effect as using negative stock with a processing of 0.6 (= 1.2 * 0.5). A value below 1.0 will lower the processing accordingly.

**Offset**

This most intuitive CDL parameter has a similar effect as increasing the exposure index on the camera. If you are familiar with the motion picture print film process, it's the same as printer lights.

**Power**

Via power you can adjust the mid tones, similar to the processing parameter in video color grading. A power value below 1.0 will increase, a value above 1.0 will decrease the mid tone brightness.

**(Log) Saturation**

This parameter affects the saturation of all color components in the Log domain. A value of 1.0 represents the default saturation.

**3D LUT and video look parameters**

Via a 3D LUT (lookup table), the camera generates a Rec 709 video image from Log C data. Next to the ASC CDL parameters, which apply to the Log C image, the camera also offers a set of video look parameters (VLP) for tone mapping and color transformation of the rendering 3D LUT.

VLPs determine knee, black processing and the processing of the tone map curve, which qualify the contrast of the output image. They also include values for saturation and the saturation by hue for six color vectors (green, yellow, red, magenta, blue, cyan).

Video look parameters are available in all AMIRA license bundles.
Knee
The knee parameter controls the transition of mid-tones into highlights. Values below 0.5 (default) produce harder highlights, higher values soften them. Knee is applied to all channels equally (master control). It has no effect on the mid gray level.

Black gamma
The black gamma controls the shadow detail in the image. Values below 0.5 (default) bring down, higher values brighten the blacks. Black gamma is applied as master control. It only affects the mid gray level for very high values.

Gamma
This setting can be used to brighten or darken the mid tones, while leaving the black and white level unchanged. Values below 1.0 (default) will darken; higher values will brighten the image.

(Video) Saturation
The VLP set also includes a saturation control, with a similar effect as the ASC saturation control. A value of 1.0 represents the default saturation.

Saturation by Hue
This parameter set allows you to control the saturation for six color vectors (red, yellow, green, cyan, blue, magenta) independently.

Custom 3D LUT
For AMIRA Premium look files, you can create and export custom 3D LUTs from a color grading tool. You must store them in the AMIRA look file format:
- With the free AMIRA Color Tool from www.arri.com
- Or directly in the color correction tool (if it supports the export of AMIRA Look Files).

Using a custom 3D LUT disables the video look parameter controls. The resulting look, however, can still be tuned via ASC CDL parameters.

A grading system usually allows better and finer color adjustments for all these parameters. It also offers additional manipulations not available with the set of CDL and VLP values, such as:
- Ability to pick any key color (not just one color vector)
- Change of chromaticity (not just saturation)

Generating a 3D LUT
1. Load Log C footage into a color grading tool supporting the AMIRA Look File Format.
2. Apply creative color grading.
3. Apply Log C to Rec 709 video rendering (or any other output color space).
4. Show the resulting look on a reference monitor.
5. Export the look as a concatenated 3D LUT (use the transforms from step 2 and 3).

Note: For more details, please read the white paper AMIRA Color by Numbers for download on www.arri.com.
7.5.9.5 Editing Looks

**NOTICE**

Editing will overwrite and existing Look file and its values. To prevent this, duplicate the Look first, and then edit the duplicate. Rec 709 cannot be edited.

1. Via the home screen, open either the active LOOK or the current LOOK SWITCH position.

2. Press LOOK PARAM.
   The Look parameters screen is displayed.

3. All look parameters appear. Non-licensed ones (here: CDL) are grayed out.
   **NOTE:** Look files with a 3D-LUT offer no VIDEO parameters.

4. Press EDIT.
   A warning on file overwriting is displayed.

5. Press OK to confirm the warning.
   The Look editor becomes active.

6. Via jogwheel (1), scroll to the desired parameter.
   A black frame (2) marks your selection.

7. Press the lower right screen button (3) to toggle the edit step size between 0.001, 0.01, and 0.1.
8. Press the jogwheel (1) to start editing the selected value.

9. Confirm the new value by pressing the jogwheel (1).

10. Edit more parameters if required.

11. After editing: Press **SAVE**.

12. To revert all changes: Press **UNDO CHANGES**.

**Note:** When you start a recording while the Look editor is active, the camera will save all changes automatically.

### 7.5.9.6 Use of the ARRI Look Library

The ARRI Look Library is a comprehensive set of predefined looks with an advanced look management. It provides a set of high quality looks and offers a basic repertoire of color responses like film stocks and filters did for film cameras.

It offers 87 looks in 3 different intensities for Rec 709 color spaces (standard dynamic range). It uses a numbering scheme, for example 3110 film 01 or 5110 dayfornight 01. The numbering scheme is used to indentify looks and covers common themes, for example film emulations, beauty or tinted looks.


The ARRI Look Library is installed on the camera and can be unlocked by installing the ARRI Look Library license, which can be purchased online at the ARRI License Shop.

**Note:** The ARRI Look Library license is included in AMIRA Premium cameras shipped from May 2017 onwards.

### Adding a LOOK file from the Look Library

1. Choose **HOME > LOOK > EDIT > ADD > LOOK LIB**.

   The ARRI Look Library is displayed. The target color space of the currently selected look file is also displayed, e.g. Rec 709.

2. Select the desired look file and press **SELECT**.

   You are prompted to select the strength. You have the following options:
   - **Low** (1)
   - **Medium** (2)
   - **High** (3)
3. Select the strength and press SELECT.
   When the look file is imported successfully, a message is displayed.

4. Press BACK.
   The imported look file is highlighted in the SET LOOK list and can be activated.
   For more information, see "Selecting a Look file", page 83.

**Modifying an ARRI Look Library Look**

Look files from the ARRI Look Library cannot be edited directly. You can, however, duplicate the Look file and change the CDL parameters of the duplicated file instead. This prevents the original ARRI Look Library files from being changed accidentally.

For information on how to duplicate a Look file, see "Duplicating a Look file", page 85.

**Note:** If you duplicate or rename a Look file based on the ARRI Look Library, the ARRI Look Library identifier is set as prefix of the new file name and cannot be deleted.

**Note:** Look files from the ARRI Look Library or derivates thereof cannot be exported to USB. Look files starting with the same name prefix as files from the ARRI Look Library (XXXX-X…) cannot be imported from USB.

### 7.5.10 Presetting the US / EI / WB switches

1. On the home screen, select a switch function (here: FPS) by pressing the button (1).
   **Note:** Active functions show a switch icon in the button label.

2. Change the switch to the desired position.
   **Note:** You can only change the preset of the active switch position.

3. Press the jogwheel (2).

4. Via jogwheel (2), select the desired preset.

5. Confirm by pressing the jogwheel (2).

6. Repeat for other switch positions if desired.

7. For FPS, SHUTTER, LOOK, and WB, you can configure preset lists for each switch position.

### 7.6 Recording

AMIRA supports a wide range of recording codecs, resolutions and project settings to fit your needs.
Available menu items like codecs, resolution/frame rates etc. depend on the installed camera license.

7.6.1 Record mode

The record mode determines the way in which the camera records images.

► Choose Menu > Recording > Record mode > Record mode.

You have the following options:

° Normal
  For more information, see "Normal mode", page 91.

° Interval recording
  For more information, see "Interval recording", page 91.

° Stop motion
  For more information, see "Stop motion", page 92.

7.6.1.1 Normal mode

The camera records all consecutive images with the configured sensor frame rate for the duration of the recording.

7.6.1.2 Interval recording

The camera captures only short bursts of images after waiting a defined duration (i.e. the interval length) during recording. This mode is used to create a time lapse effect.

Setting the interval length

► Choose Menu > Recording > Record mode > Interval length and set the length in hours:minutes:seconds. Maximum interval length is 2:00:00 h.

This setting configures the duration the camera waits between every burst of images that it captures.

Setting the burst length

► Choose Menu > Recording > Record mode > Burst length and set the number of frames. The maximum number of frames is 2000.

This setting configures the number of frames that are captured by the camera for each burst.

Setting the duration mode

1. Choose Menu > Recording > Record mode > Duration mode.

You have the following options:

° Manual
  The recording is started and stopped with the REC button.

° Preset
  The recording is started with the REC button and runs for the duration of the set recording. Additionally, it can be stopped with the REC button before the set duration of the recording has ended.

2. If you have set the duration mode to Preset, set the recording duration and resulting clip length. For more information, see "Setting the recording duration", page 92 and "Setting the resulting clip length", page 92.
Setting the recording duration

**NOTE:** Only available in duration mode *Preset*. For more information, see "Setting the duration mode", page 91

**NOTE:** When changing the recording duration, the camera automatically updates the resulting clip length.

► Choose **Menu > Recording > Record mode > Recording duration** and set the time in *hours:minutes:seconds*. The maximum recording duration is 99:59:59 h.

This setting configures the duration of the interval recording in real-time after start.

Setting the resulting clip length

**NOTE:** Only available in duration mode *Preset*. For more information, see "Setting the duration mode", page 91

**NOTE:** When changing the resulting clip length, the camera automatically updates the recording duration.

► Choose **MENU > Recording > Record mode > Resulting clip length** and set the time in *hours:minutes:seconds*.

This setting configures the duration of the resulting clip.

### 7.6.1.3 Stop motion

The camera captures only single images after receiving a trigger from a user button during the recording. This mode is often used with motion control systems.

To initialize the stop motion mode, press the **REC** button. To record frames, press the user button *Stop motion trigger*.

For information on how to assign user buttons, see "User buttons", page 131.

**Activating the stop motion beeper**

**NOTE:** Only available in record mode *Stop motion*.

► Choose **MENU > Recording > Record mode > Stop motion beeper**.

### 7.6.2 Prerecording

**NOTICE**

Prerecording requires an AMIRA Advanced or AMIRA Premium license and the assignation of a user button to activate.

Prerecording internally buffers images for up to 20 seconds of real-time instead of recording them directly to the CFast 2.0 cards.

When prerecording is activated, pressing REC writes the buffered images to the CFast 2.0 card. This ensures the capture of unpredictable events without wasting media capacity.

Maximum prerecording duration is determined by the set combination of sensor fps and recording codec, and can also be limited by the user.

Pressing REC during prerecording stores all buffered images to the CFast 2.0 card at maximum write rate. After that, regular recording continues.

Sensor FPS can be changed during prerecording, either via **Home > FPS** or with the user switch set to FPS. This will clear the image buffer at the time of switching, causing the previously buffered images to be lost irreversibly.
7.6.2.1 Activating prerecording

1. To activate prerecording, you have the following options:
   - Choose `MENU > User buttons > Button VF1 / VF2 > Prerecording`
   - Choose `MENU > User buttons > Camera user buttons > Button X > Prerecording`

2. Assign the prerecording functionality to a user button. For more information, see "User buttons", page 131.

3. To activate buffering: Press the assigned user button.
   
   **Note:** While prerecording is active, TC, Shutter, Look and `MENU` settings cannot be accessed. Playback is also not possible. FPS can be changed during prerecording, but this will clear the image buffer.

4. Start/stop recording by pressing the `REC` button.

5. To end buffering: Press the assigned user button again.
   
   **Note:** When ending prerecording, the image buffer is cleared and all remaining images in the buffer are discarded.

7.6.2.2 Setting the prerecording maximum duration

Requires an advanced license.

Technical limitations may reduce the actual buffer duration below the set value.

To activate and de-activate prerecording, assign prerecording to a user button. For more information, see "Activating prerecording", page 93.

- Choose `MENU > Recording > Prerecording max. duration`. Set the maximum duration of buffering used for pre-recording in a range from 1 to 20 seconds. The actual buffer duration is shown below the menu entry.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>HD</th>
<th>4K UHD</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>25 fps</td>
<td>20 s</td>
<td>5 / 7.6 / 11 s</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29.97 fps</td>
<td>16 s</td>
<td>4.1 / 6.3 / 9.1 s</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100 fps</td>
<td>5.0 s</td>
<td>2.0 / 3.1 / 4.5 s (at maximum frame rate of 60 fps)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>200 fps</td>
<td>2.4 s</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:**

**ProRes 422 LT/422/422 HQ buffer durations**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>HD</th>
<th>4K UHD</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>25 fps</td>
<td>13 s</td>
<td>3.2 s</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29.97 fps</td>
<td>11 s</td>
<td>2.7 s</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100 fps</td>
<td>3.3 s</td>
<td>1.5 s (at maximum frame rate of 60 fps)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>200 fps</td>
<td>1.6 s</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**ProRes 4444 buffer durations**
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>HD</th>
<th>4K UHD</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>25 fps</td>
<td>9.0 s</td>
<td>2.1 s</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29.97 fps</td>
<td>7.5 s</td>
<td>1.7 s</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100 fps</td>
<td>2.1 s</td>
<td>0.8 s (at maximum frame rate of 60 fps)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>200 fps</td>
<td>1.8 s (at maximum frame rate of 120 fps)</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**ProRes 4444 XQ buffer durations**

### 7.6.3 Activating rec beeper and tally

1. Choose *MENU > Recording > Rec beeper/tally*.

You have the following options:

- **Rec start beeper**
  Acoustic indication for start of recording.

- **Rec stop beeper**
  Acoustic indication for stop of recording.

- **Card full beeper**
  Acoustic indication for stopping recording due to full card. Has a different sound pattern than start/stop beeper for better distinction.

- **Tally front**
  Sets the tally light on the viewfinder front end.

- **Tally rear**
  Sets the tally light on the upper end of the IO panel.

**Note:** If Multicam mode is on, only an external trigger can activate camera tallies. If Multicam mode is off, only the internal recording can activate camera tallies.

**Note:** On recording, the tally light turns red.

### 7.7 Media

In the media menu, you can erase the CFast 2.0 card, delete footage, and prepare the required folder structure on USB memory sticks.

**Note:** A triangle marks the active card.
7.7.1 Erasing CARD A and B

**NOTICE**

Irreversibly erases all data from CFast 2.0 cards in slot A or B. Requires prior confirmation.

Card ejection during erasure, or interrupting the camera power supply, may render the card unusable.

1. You have the following options:
   - Choose **MENU > Media > Erase CARD A**.
   - Choose **MENU > Media > Erase CARD B**.
     A confirmation screen is displayed.

2. Press **ERASE**.
     A screen is displayed. If the card is erased successfully, a green message is displayed.

7.7.2 Deleting last clip of CARD A and B

You can delete the last recorded (not always the last listed) clip on the CFast 2.0 card in slot A or B. The deletion requires prior confirmation.

**Note:** On a card recorded with two different cameras, the last recorded clip might be listed in the middle of the clip table.

1. You have the following options:
   - Choose **MENU > Media > Delete last clip CARD A**.
   - Choose **MENU > Media > Delete last clip CARD B**.
     A list with clips to be deleted is displayed. The last clip is highlighted.

2. Confirm by pressing the jogwheel.
   A message asks for your confirmation.

3. Press **CONFIRM**.
   You have deleted the last clip. If required, you can delete the next clip in the list.

7.7.3 Preparing USB medium

**NOTICE**

You can add files only from a correctly prepared USB memory stick with the required folder structure. Preparing the folder structure on the USB medium within the camera will not alter existing folders and files on the USB medium.

Prepare all USB media as described in this document before using them with the camera.

For information on connecting the USB medium, see "Inserting and removing USB medium", page 58.

1. Choose **Menu > Media > Prepare USB medium**.
   **Note:** To avoid file corruption, never remove the USB medium during writing access.

2. Press **CONFIRM** to prepare the folder structure.
   The USB memory stick is now ready for use with the camera. You can remove the USB medium from the camera without unmounting.
The required folder structure for use in the camera is listed below:

ARRI / AMIRA / FRAMELINES: for frame line imports to camera
   GRABS: for grabbed still frames
   LICENSES: for license file installation
   LOG: for exported camera and update logfiles
   LOOKFILES: for look file imports/exports
   MANUAL: for user manual exports from camera
   SENSOR: for import/export of User Pixel Mask files and export of framegrabs for UPM creation
   SETUPS: for imports/exports of user camera setup files
   SUP: for update file installation

7.8 Monitoring

The monitoring menu covers all settings related to EVF, Monitor and SDI as well as frame lines and other overlays on these outputs.

► Choose MENU > Monitoring and select the settings you want to change.

7.8.1 Overlay menu

The overlay menu offers a set of camera parameters for adjustment. When activated, it is visible in the top section of the image on the MVF-1 monitor and EVF and on any SDI output which has SDI processing activated. The overlay menu is a quick way to change the following camera settings:

- Sensor FPS
- Shutter (Shutter Angle / Exposure Time)
- Exposure Index
- ND filter
- White Balance

Sensor FPS, Shutter and White Balance cannot be changed manually, but in the range of their user predefined lists. ND filter is changed instantly and requires no additional confirmation step.

A white frame marks the selected parameter. A yellow font indicates active edit mode.

For detailed instructions on how to activate and operate the overlay menu, see the following sections.

Activation and control using a user button

1. Assign a user button to “Overlay menu”.
2. Activate the overlay menu by pressing the user button.
3. Select a parameter with the jogwheel of the MVF-1.
4. Start editing the parameter by pressing the jogwheel.
5. Change the value of the parameter with the jogwheel.
6. Confirm the new value by pressing the jogwheel.
7. If required, repeat steps 3-6 for other parameters.
8. Exit the overlay menu by pressing the user button.
7.8.2 Setting EVF/Monitor/SDI surround view
The surround view shows the outer edges of the sensor image which are not recorded. It allows you to spot and avoid unwanted objects before they enter the image.

1. You have the following options:
   - Choose MENU > Monitoring > EVF/Monitor > Surround view.
   - Choose MENU > Monitoring > SDI > SDI processing > Surround view.
2. Set the surround view on or off.

7.8.3 Setting EVF/Monitor/SDI status overlays

You have the following options:

- **Frame lines**
  Sets frame lines on or off. Used as a framing reference tool with typically an image frame, a center mark, and aspect ratio. For information on setting frame lines, see "Setting frame lines", page 103.

- **Center mark**
  Sets the center mark for use with frame lines between Off, Small Dot, Dot, or Cross.

- **Surround mask**
  Sets the type of overlay to mark the surround view area of the active image. Either as black line, colored line, or semi transparent with 25, 50 or 75 percent opacity (opacity selection not available for monitor). The surround view area helps with framing and is not recorded.

- **Status info**
  Only for EVF and SDI. Sets camera status overlays between Off, Overlay (status on the active image), or Safe (status outside the active image).
  **Note:** In Overlay mode, frame lines up to an aspect ratio of 1.94:1 are not displayed because they are covered by the status info.

- **Status components**
  Only for EVF and SDI. Configures the status info overlay components. For more information, see "Setting EVF/SDI status info components", page 103.
7.8.4 Status info

EVF and SDI

The following table explains the status info displayed for EVF and SDI:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Status info</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(1) Sensor FPS</td>
<td>Shows the current sensor frame rate.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="FPS 24.000" /></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(2) SHUTTER value</td>
<td>Shows the current shutter angle.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="SHUTTER 172.8" /></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(3) IRIS</td>
<td>Shows the current value for the IRIS.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="IRIS T 5.6 4/10" /></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Status info</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------</td>
<td>---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(4) EI Exposure index</td>
<td>Shows the current value for the exposure index.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="EI 800" /></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(5) Internal ND filter</td>
<td>Shows the current setting for the ND filter.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="ND 1.2" /></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(6) WB White balance</td>
<td>Shows the current value for the white balance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="WB 5600 K +0.0 CC" /></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(7) Camera index letter</td>
<td>Shows the camera index letter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(8) LDS status</td>
<td>Shows that the LDS interface has been disabled manually</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="LDS" /></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(8) USB status</td>
<td>Shows a connected USB medium If orange: The camera has detected a problem with the USB medium. You can find more information on the USB info screen.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="USB" /></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(8) WiFi</td>
<td>If WiFi mode is Host, depicts a small camera. If WiFi mode is Client, shows the signal strength of the WiFi connection.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="WiFi" /></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(9) Audio status</td>
<td>Shows the current level of camera audio channel signals. If audio is currently not possible, an orange speaker icon with a small x is shown.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Audio" /></td>
<td>Black markers at signal levels -20, -18, -9 dBFS for reference test tone. Yellow marker at -5 dBFS and red marker at -2 dBFS indicate a signal close to clipping. A red frame around the meter indicates a clipping at the A/D stage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Status info</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(10) Timecode</td>
<td>Shows the current Timecode values and the active project rate, allows adjustment of TC formats and values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TC 13:37:24:05</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(11) CARD</td>
<td>Shows the remaining capacity of CFast 2.0 card at current FPS and codec combination in real time. When card capacity is less than two minutes, capacity values starts flashing orange.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CARD A 0:08 h B</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| (12) Camera status | Shows the camera status:  
|                 | • STBY: Ready for recording  
|                 | • REC: Recording  
|                 | • ERASE: Erasing a CFast 2.0 card. Active erasure disables recording.  
|                 | • FULL: Card full  
|                 | • ERROR: Card error  
<p>|                 | • None: Recording not possible (no card inserted)                                                                                         |
| STBY           |                                                                                                                                         |
| (13) Reel and clip info | Shows the reel (A001) and clip (C069) info.                                                                                  |
| A001 C069      |                                                                                                                                         |
| (14) BAT level status | Shows the current battery supply level. If the level is below the configured warning level, the value is flashing orange.         |
| BAT 1 30.0V 2  |                                                                                                                                         |
| (15) Focal length info | Shows the focal length of the connected lens.                                                                                  |
| FCL 35.0mm     |                                                                                                                                         |
| (16) Alert status | Indicates that the camera has detected an error.                                                                                  |
| !              |                                                                                                                                         |
| (16) Temperature warning | Indicates that the camera temperature is outside of its optimal range.                                                            |
| !              |                                                                                                                                         |
| (17) Recording resolution | Shows the current recording resolution.                                                                                           |
| HD             |                                                                                                                                         |
| (17) Processing | Shows the processing of the respective output.                                                                                       |
| LOG            |                                                                                                                                         |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Status info</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(17) S16 mode</td>
<td>Shows that Super 16 mode is active</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="S16" /></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(17) Iris</td>
<td>Shows that auto iris is active</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="IRIS" /></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(17) GEN</td>
<td>Indicates that Genlock is activated. If orange: Genlock signal is missing or not usable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="GEN" /></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(17) Fan icon</td>
<td>Shows that the camera needs to increase the fan speed to cool the camera properly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Fan icon" /></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(17) Lock</td>
<td>Indicates that the camera controls are locked (only shown in EVF-1).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Lock" /></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(17) High humidity</td>
<td>Indicates that high humidity mode is active.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="High humidity" /></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(18) EVF/SDI processing</td>
<td>Indicates the processing of the respective output, in this case ARRI Look 2 file.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="EVF/SDI processing" /></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(18) Exposure tool</td>
<td>Shows that the exposure tool is active If dark gray: Shows that the selected exposure tool cannot be used currently</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Exposure tool" /></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(18) Peaking</td>
<td>Indicates that peaking is active on the respective output.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Peaking" /></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(18) Anamorphic desqueeze</td>
<td>Shows that anamorphic desqueeze is active and which lens squeeze factor is selected.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Anamorphic desqueeze" /></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(19) Center cross</td>
<td>Marks the center of the image</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Center cross" /></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Status info

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Status info</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(20) Frame lines</td>
<td>Help to choose the right framing for different aspect ratios</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(21) Important camera warnings</td>
<td>Warnings that may interfere with camera operation are shown in the middle of the screen, e.g. low power supply, remaining card capacity less than 15 seconds.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(22) Record mode</td>
<td>Shows the record mode if set to Interval or Stop motion recording</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(23) Focus</td>
<td>Shows the focus</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 7.8.4.1 Live monitor

The fold-out monitor of the MVF-1 shows slightly different overlays than the EVF and the SDI output. Below the camera live image, the live screen shows image and camera status. You can toggle the bar's content with the left or right oval button below. The center oval button returns you to the main camera parameters.

**Surround mask**

If surround view is active, the non-recorded area is masked. Style options for the mask are: Black line, colored line, or semitransparent mask.

**Center mark**

Marks the image center. Can be set to Off, Cross, Dot or Small Dot.
7.8.4.2 Setting EVF/SDI status info components

You can configure which parts of the status information should be displayed.

1. You have the following options:
   - Choose **MENU > Monitoring > EVF/Monitor > EVF overlays > Status components**.
   - Choose **MENU > Monitoring > SDI > SDI processing > Overlays > Status components**.

2. You have the following options:
   - **Info 1**
     Enables/disables the status areas above and below the image.
   - **Info 2**
     Enables/disables the status icons on the left and right side of the image.
   - **Timecode**
     Enables/disables display of the timecode on the bottom right of the image.
   - **Audio**
     Enables/disables display of the audio levels located on the lower right side of the image.
   - **Lens data**
     Enables/disables iris and focal length readings. Also available for monitor (in Monitor overlays menu screen).
   - **Lens focus distance**
     Sub-option of lens data setting. Enables/disables display of focus distance readings, located on the lower left corner of the image.
   - **Camera index letter**
     Displays the camera index letter in the top right corner of the image. Helps to identify camera image output when shooting with multiple cameras.

   **Note:** Only available for SDI.

7.8.5 Frame lines

You can configure which frame line the camera should show and how it should be displayed. You can also configure up to two user rectangles which allow you to mark a rectangular area on the image, e.g. for marking an area that you need to keep clear during shooting for later VFX insertion.

► Choose **MENU > Monitoring > Frame lines**.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NOTICE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

The camera contains a set of default frame lines with standard aspect ratios. You can also import external frame lines in XML format. You can create custom frame lines with the ARRI Frameline Composer on the ARRI webpage.

7.8.5.1 Setting frame lines

1. Choose **MENU > Monitoring > Frame lines > Frame line**.
   A list of installed frame lines is displayed.

2. Select the desired frame line and confirm by pressing the jogwheel.

You can activate the frame line in overlays. For more information, see "Setting EVF/Monitor/SDI status overlays", page 97.
7.8.5.2 Setting frame line color

You choose the color in which the following elements are displayed:
- frame line
- center mark
- user rectangle
- surround mask (if mask is set to Colored line)

► Choose **MENU > Monitoring > Frame lines > Frame line colors**.

You have the following options:
- Red
- Green
- Blue
- Cyan
- Magenta
- Yellow
- Black
- White

7.8.5.3 Setting frame line intensity

You can set the brightness of the frame line, center cross and user rectangles.

► Choose **MENU > Monitoring > Frame lines > Frame line intensity** and set the intensity. The value range is from 1 to 4.

7.8.5.4 Activating user rectangles

You can activate up to two user rectangles.

► Choose **MENU > Monitoring > Frame lines > User rectangles**. You have the following options:
- Off
- Rect 1
- Rect 2
- Rect 1 + 2

7.8.5.5 Configuring and resetting user rectangle 1 and 2

You can configure width, height and offset (i.e. position from left and top screen edge) in per mill. You can also reset all settings.

1. Choose **MENU > Monitoring > Frame lines > User rectangle 1** or **MENU > Monitoring > Frame lines > User rectangle 2**.

You have the following options:
- Width
- Height
- Offset left
2. Configure the rectangle according to your needs.
3. To reset the configuration, press *Reset all*.

You can activate the display of user rectangles. For more information, see "Activating user rectangles", page 104.

### 7.8.6 Activating anamorphic desqueeze for EVF/Monitor and SDI

When you are working with anamorphic lenses, you can activate anamorphic desqueeze on EVF/Monitor and SDI so that the image is displayed with the correct aspect ratio.

**Note:** Anamorphic desqueeze is available only for the lens squeeze factor 1.3. For more information on setting the lens squeeze factor, see "Setting the lens squeeze factor", page 73.

Anamorphic desqueeze is only available with the following recording codecs and resolutions:
- ProRes 3.2K
- ProRes UHD

1. You have the following options:
   - Choose *MENU > Monitoring > EVF/Monitor > Anamorphic desqueeze*.
   - Choose *MENU > Monitoring > SDI > Anamorphic desqueeze*.
2. Enable or disable anamorphic desqueeze for the EVF/Monitor or SDI outputs.

### 7.8.7 Peaking

#### 7.8.7.1 Activating peaking on EVF/Monitor

Peaking highlights the image parts that are in focus for better focus judgement.

![Peaking highlight on EVF](image)

Press *PK* (2).

You have activated peaking for both Monitor (1) and EVF (3).

For information on peaking settings, see "Defining peaking for EVF/Monitor/SDI", page 106.
7.8.7.2 Defining peaking for EVF/Monitor/SDI

Peaking highlights in-focus image sectors for better focus judgement. You can activate peaking via the menu, via user button or by pressing PK on the viewfinder (only for EVF/Monitor).

1. You have the following options:
   - Choose "MENU > Monitoring > EVF/Monitor > EVF/Monitor Processing > Peaking.
   - Choose "MENU > Monitoring > SDI > SDI Processing > Peaking.

2. You have the following options:
   - Peaking
     Activates Peaking.
   - Peaking mode
     Toggles between Color and Aperture. Select color peaking to overlay in-focus areas with a color, and select aperture peaking to enhance object edges only.
   - Peaking level
     Sets a peaking strength in range from 1 (minimum) to 20 (maximum).
   - Peaking offset shift
     Adjusts the threshold for color peaking to become active, relative to the peaking level. Note: A negative offset shift, in particular with high ASA ratings, can increase the peaking results.
   - Color
     You have the following options: Red, Green, Blue, Cyan, Magenta, Yellow, White.

7.8.8 Exposure tools

7.8.8.1 Activating the exposure tool

The EXP button (2) activates the configured exposure tool on the Monitor (1) and EVF (3). Use the exposure tool for evaluation of the image exposure levels. An activated exposure tool lights up the button (2).

For more information, see "Selecting the exposure tool", page 106.

7.8.8.2 Selecting the exposure tool

You can select which exposure tool you want to use to evaluate the image exposure. You can activate it with the user button or by pressing EXP on the viewfinder.
Note: Zebra is only available on image paths with processing set to Look.

Choose MENU > Monitoring > Exposure tools.

You have the following options:

- **Select EVF/Mon. exp. tool**
  False Color marks predefined luminance ranges of the viewfinder image, as described below, and turns the remaining image parts black and white.
  In Zebra mode, the camera overlays up to two luminance ranges with diagonal stripes. High zebra ranges above, Mid zebra around the user-defined luminance value.

- **Select SDI exp. tool**
  False Color and Zebra, as described above.

- **Zebra setup**
  For more information, see "Setting up zebra", page 108.

- **EVF waveform**
  Sets waveform overlay on EVF on or off.

- **EVF waveform size**
  Sets size of EVF waveform overlay to small or large.

- **Monitor waveform**
  Sets waveform overlay on monitor on or off.

- **Monitor waveform size**
  Sets size of monitor waveform overlay to small or large. Note: Waveform is a luminance waveform from a 0-100% signal level, calculated from the EVF and monitor image signals for each path.

### False color

Activating false color converts the image to black-and-white, and replaces luminances with the following colors:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>What</th>
<th>Signal Level</th>
<th>Color</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>White clipping</td>
<td>100% - 99%</td>
<td>red</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Just below white clipping</td>
<td>99% - 97%</td>
<td>yellow</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>One stop over medium gray</td>
<td>56% - 52%</td>
<td>pink</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18% medium gray</td>
<td>42% - 38%</td>
<td>green</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Just above black clipping</td>
<td>4.0% - 2.5%</td>
<td>blue</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black clipping</td>
<td>2.5% - 0.0%</td>
<td>purple</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NOTICE**

False color is applied to the signal of the respective monitoring path, i.e. to the Log C signal when the monitoring path is configured to Log C processing or ALEXA Classic 709 processing, or to the Look signal if the monitoring path is configured to Look processing.

When you are using a Look file that does not utilize the full signal level range and you activate false color on a monitoring path where Look processing is active, false color will not indicate over- or underexposure. This specifically applies to Rec 2100 PQ Look files, as they level out at a maximum signal level of 75%.

To ensure proper exposure when working with this kind of Look files, ensure to activate false color while the monitoring path is configured to Log C processing.

For more information on monitoring processing, see "Configuring processing and color spaces", page 83.
Setting up zebra
► Choose **MENU > Monitoring > Exposure tools > Zebra setup**.

You have the following options:
- **Zebra mode**
  Sets the zebra mode to High, Mid, or both.
- **High zebra level**
  Sets the exposure level (in %) above which high zebra is active.
- **High zebra color**
  Sets the pattern color.
- **Mid zebra range**
  Sets the active range (in %) around a mid zebra level.
- **Mid zebra color**
  Sets the pattern color.

7.8.9 Return in path config

Selects the paths for return in routing. Return In is activated with a user button.
Available paths are EVF/Monitor, SDI 1 and SDI 2.
Return In requires a 422 1.5G HD-SDI signal in 1920x1080 resolution on the RET/SYNC IN BNC connector.

7.8.10 Setting the EVF zoom position

You can zoom into the image e.g. to judge focus better. The camera offers 3x3 patches that can be selected as zoom positions, and an additional position called eye level, which are between top center and mid center.

While zoom is activated, the zoom position can also be changed by using the jogwheel or the soft buttons on MVF-1, if it is showing the live image.

**Note:** Zoom needs to be activated by a user button. For information on assigning user buttons, see "User buttons", page 131.
► Choose **MENU > Monitoring > EVF/Monitor > Zoom position**.

7.8.11 SDI configuration

You can configure the **SDI** outputs. The following combinations of formats, frame rates and scan formats are available:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Format</th>
<th>Resolution</th>
<th>Sampling</th>
<th>Frame rates</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>422 1.5G</strong></td>
<td>1920x1080</td>
<td>4:2:2 YCbCr</td>
<td>23.976p, 24p, 25p, 29.97p, 30p, 50i, 59.94i, 60i, 23.976psf, 24psf, 25psf, 29.97psf, 30psf</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>422 3G</strong></td>
<td>1920x1080</td>
<td>4:2:2 YCbCr</td>
<td>48p**, 50p, 59.94p, 60p</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>444 3G</strong></td>
<td>1920x1080</td>
<td>4:4:4 RGB</td>
<td>23.976p, 24p, 25p, 29.97p, 30p</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>DL 422 3G</strong></td>
<td>3840x2160</td>
<td>4:2:2 YCbCr</td>
<td>23.976p, 24p, 25p, 29.97p, 30p</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Configuring SDI processing

You can configure the SDI processing elements.

- Choose **MENU > Monitoring > SDI > SDI processing**. You have the following options:
  - **Surround view**
    Activates or deactivates surround view.
  - **Exposure tool**
    Activates or deactivates the exposure tool. For more information, see "Selecting the exposure tool", page 106.
  - **Peaking**
    Configures peaking for SDI. For more information, see "Defining peaking for EVF/Monitor/SDI", page 106.
  - **Overlays**
    Configures the SDI overlays. For more information, see "Setting EVF/Monitor/SDI status overlays", page 97.

### Setting SDI 1/2 format

You can toggle the SDI signal between different formats:
- **422 1.5G HD**
- **422 3G HD**
- **444 3G HD**
- **422 6G UHD**
- **DL 422 3G UHD**
- **DL 422 6G UHD**

** only in 3.2K and 4K UHD. Requires installed 4K UHD license.

For information on the combination of formats, frame rates and scan formats, see "SDI configuration", page 108.

- Choose **MENU > Monitoring > SDI > SDI 1 format** or **MENU > Monitoring > SDI > SDI 2 format** and select the desired format.

**Note:** When you select a dual link (DL) format, the settings for SDI 2 become unavailable.
7.8.11.3 Setting SDI 1/2 frame rate

You can set the frame rate together with the scan format on the SDI output. If the frame rate is lower than the sensor fps, frame drops will occur. If it is higher, duplicate frames will be output.

► Choose MENU > Monitoring > SDI > SDI 1 frame rate or MENU > Monitoring > SDI > SDI 2 frame rate and select the desired frame rate.

Possible scan formats
- **Progressive (p)**: Transmits images line by line starting at the top-left pixel.
- **Progressive segmented frame (psf)**: Splits progressive images into fields (odd lines and even lines). Transmits these (all odd before all even) line by line.
- **Interlaced (i)**: Creates two fields from two adjacent progressive frames (odd lines from the first; even lines from the second frame)

For information on combinations of formats, frame rates and scan formats, see "SDI configuration", page 108

7.8.11.4 Setting SDI 1/2 3G level

For the single link 3G SDI formats, you can choose whether to use 3G level A or B. Refer to the manual of your connected devices to decide which 3G level to choose.

► Choose MENU > Monitoring > SDI > SDI 1 3G level or MENU > Monitoring > SDI > SDI 2 3G level and select the desired 3G level.

7.8.11.5 Setting SDI 1/2 image

The SDI image setting determines how images are output over SDI:
- **Clean** images are identical to the images that the camera records internally. They do not contain any overlays and do not show any surround view.
- **Processed** images may contain overlays and show surround view.

SDI 1 and 2 cannot be configured completely independently from each other in reference to the image setting. The SDI 1 setting determines the available options for SDI 2.

The following combinations are possible:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SDI 1</th>
<th>SDI 2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>clean</td>
<td>clean</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>clean</td>
<td>processed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>processed</td>
<td>clean</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If both SDI 1 and 2 are supposed to show processed images, SDI 2 needs to be configured as SDI 1 clone. See "Cloning SDI 1 settings to SDI 2", page 110 for more information.

► Choose MENU > Monitoring > SDI > SDI 1 image or MENU > Monitoring > SDI > SDI 2 image.

7.8.11.6 Cloning SDI 1 settings to SDI 2

You can set SDI 2 as a clone of SDI 1. SDI 2 will inherit all settings from SDI 1. The configuration options for SDI 2 are grayed out while it is configured as a clone of SDI 1. If you change a value for SDI 1, the same value becomes active for SDI 2 as well.

► Choose MENU > Monitoring > SDI > SDI 2: clone SDI 1.
7.8.12 Defining EVF/Monitor settings

► Choose MENU > Monitoring > EVF/Monitor > Settings.

You have the following options:

- **EVF brightness**
  Brightness of the EVF from 1 (minimum) to 10 (maximum).

- **EVF power**
  Select between Auto and Off. Allows you to switch the EVF off permanently so that it stays off even when the proximity sensor is covered e.g. by a rain cover.

- **Monitor brightness**
  Brightness of the monitor from 1 (minimum) to 10 (maximum).

- **Monitor flip mode**
  For either Normal, Flipped, or Auto monitor orientation. Auto flips the monitor display automatically depending on its orientation.

7.8.13 Activating color bars

You can activate a SMPTE color bar on SDI outs.

**Note:** Recording deactivates the color bar.

► Choose MENU > Monitoring > Color bars and set the bars on or off.

7.9 Playback

7.9.1 Starting playback via the PLAY button

1. Press PLAY (1) for one second to see the last recorded clip on the active CFast 2.0 card.
   The camera enters playback on Monitor, EVF and on SDI.

2. You may toggle between play and pause by briefly pressing PLAY (1) again.

3. To exit playback: Press PLAY (1) for one second.

4. For more information on playback control, see "Playback", page 111.
7.9.2 Playback screen controls

- When starting playback, the camera loads the last recorded clip (paused on the first frame).
- **PLAY/PAUSE** (6) button:
  Toggles between play and pause. Play/pause can also be toggled by pressing the play button at the bottom of the viewfinder or by pressing on the jogwheel. The jogwheel can also be used to shuttle through a clip:
  - While in pause:
    Use the jogwheel to shuttle through the clip frame by frame
  - While playing:
    Use the jogwheel to increase or decrease the playback speed up to 512x forwards or backwards.
- **SKIP FWD** (4) button:
  Loads the next clip in the cliplist.
- **SKIP REV** (2) button:
  Loads the previous clip in the cliplist.
- **CLIPLIST** (7) button:
  Select another clip for playback from a list of all clips on the inserted card.
- **WAVEFORM** (3) button:
  Enable/disable the waveform overlay on monitor.
- **OPTIONS** (5) button:
  Allow to set the clip end action.
- **ARROW** (8) button:
  Hides/shows button overlays.
- **EXIT** (1) button:
  Ends playback.

**Note:** When playing back clips with project rates of 48 fps or greater that were recorded with ProRes resolutions of 3.2K or 4K UHD, the camera only plays back every second frame to ensure smooth playback. When stepping through single frames, however, every frame is shown.

**CLIPLIST**

1. On the playback screen, press **CLIPLIST** to open the cliplist of the active recording card. The list shows the clip names and their resolution.
   **Note:** Clips may be grayed out, if they cannot be played back because their recording resolution is not compatible with the currently set recording resolution.
2. You may toggle between cards by pressing the card-related screen button.
3. **Note**: Label turns gray and displays n/a if card slot is empty.

4. Via jogwheel, scroll to the desired clip.

5. For the selected clip, clip properties are displayed below the cliplist:
   - Codec: Recording codec of clip.
   - Resolution: Recording resolution of clip.
   - Duration: Clip duration at playback speed.
   - Rec FPS: Sensor frame rate the clip was recorded with.
   - Project rate: Playback frame rate of clip.
   - TC: Start timecode of the clip.

6. To load the selected clip: Press the jogwheel.

7. To return to the play screen without loading a new clip: Press BACK.

8. To end playback: Press EXIT.

**OPTIONS**

▶ Press the OPTIONS button to open the playback options screen.

   You have the following options:
   - Play end mode
     Define the playback behavior at the end of a clip.
     - Pause on end
       Playback pauses at the end of the clip.
     - Pause on start
       Playback pauses at the beginning of the clip.
     - Loop
       Playback continues from the beginning of the same clip again.
     - Play next clip
       Playback continues with the next clip in the cliplist.
     - Exit playback
       Camera exits playback.
   - Monitor waveform
     Sets the waveform overlay on monitor to On or Off.

7.10 System

The system menu organizes the general camera setup.

▶ Choose MENU > System.
7.10.1 Sensor

Sensor temperature: Toggles the sensor temperature between normal and high humidity.
- Setting to High humidity increases the sensor temperature to reduce the risk of condensation on the sensor cover glass.
- **Note:** Recommended only in environments > 40 °C (104 °F) and 80 % r.H. Entry is grayed out, if camera is not calibrated for high humidity.
- **Note:** Cameras with newer calibration are optimized for all environmental conditions, so that no more manual adjustment is required. The menu entry is not shown on these cameras.

► Choose **MENU > System > Sensor > Sensor temperature**.

7.10.1.1 Adjusting the image sharpness

You can adjust the image sharpness ranging from -5 to +5 (default = 0). The image sharpness influences the image detail. For more information, see "Adjusting the image detail set/active", page 114

► Choose **MENU > System > Sensor > Image sharpness set/active**.

7.10.1.2 Adjusting the image detail set/active

You can adjust the maximum detail frequency influenced by the sharpness setting ranging from -5 to +5 (default = 0).

► Choose **MENU > System > Sensor > Image detail set/active**.

7.10.1.3 Setting image denoising

Image denoising reduces the amount of noise in dark image areas. It reduces the noise in a very organic way and preserves the character and texture of the image. **Note:** Strong may result in image artifacts with fast moving objects.

There is no impact on image sharpness. You can set the image denoising in S16, 3.2K and 4K UHD mode only.

► Choose **Menu > System > Sensor > Image denoising** and select your setting.

You have the following options:
- **Off**
- **Normal**
- **Strong**

7.10.1.4 Setting genlock sync

You can synchronize the camera sensor to external sources.

**NOTICE**

When daisy-chaining several AMIRAs via HD-SDI, set the first camera to Genlock: Off and all others to the desired input signal.

1. Choose **MENU > System > Sensor > Genlock sync** and select a setting. You have the following options:
   - **Off**
   - **RET/SYNC IN**
   The camera requires a black burst, tri-level sync or a 422 1.5G HD-SDI signal running at sensor fps for the RET/SYNC IN BNC connector.
TC IN
The camera requires a timecode signal running at sensor fps for the TC connector.

2. The camera will display a genlock icon on the HOME screen as well as in status info.

7.10.1.5 Setting the sync shift
Sync shift (+ 0.000 µs): Offset applied to the genlock signal at the input. Minimum stepsize is 52 ns, maximum possible correction is up to +/- 20 ms (= 384000 steps), depending on the sensor frame rate.

► Choose MENU > System > Sensor > Sync shift.

7.10.1.6 Mirroring the sensor image
You can mirror the sensor image in horizontal and vertical directions.

Note: Mirroring information is stored as metadata in Quicktime files. MPEG-2 HD MXF files do not support mirroring via metadata, so the clips appear as recorded when played back externally.

► Choose MENU > System > Sensor > Mirror image.
You have the following options:

° Off
Mirroring is inactive.

° V
Vertically mirrored.

° H
Horizontally mirrored.

° V+H
Vertically and horizontally mirrored (i.e. rotated by 180°).

7.10.1.7 Working with a user pixel mask
All sensors exhibit a certain number of defect pixels, and ARRI cameras have two mechanisms to catch and correct them: one is a static pixel correction based on a pixel mask created during manufacturing, and the other is a dynamic pixel correction that continuously evaluates each frame and masks defect pixels that are not caught by the static pixel mask. In very few cases, we have observed some pixels that are not corrected by either method; for those cases we have User Pixel Masking. User Pixel Masking works in combination with the ARRIRAW Converter (ARC) from ARC version 3.0 onwards.

NOTE: The User Pixel Mask will remain intact during a factory reset and during a software update. It can be manually removed or overwritten with a new one at any time.

User pixel masks can be created with the ARRIRAW Converter for Mac and Windows, available for download from the ARRI website. Please refer to the ARRI website and the ARRIRAW Converter documentation for additional information.

► Choose MENU > System > Sensor > User pixel masking.
You have the following options:

° User pixel mask active:
Shows whether a User Pixel Mask is currently active in the camera.
- **Install user pixel mask**: Select to install a User Pixel Mask from USB memory stick.

- **Export user pixel mask**: Select to backup the currently installed User Pixel Mask onto USB memory stick.

- **Delete user pixel mask**: Select to uninstall a User Pixel Mask.

- **Grab raw image**: Stores an ARRIRAW frame grab on the USB memory stick.

### To use User Pixel Masking for all Output and Recording Formats

1. Insert an USB memory stick into camera.
2. Use **MENU > System > Sensor > User pixel masking > Grab raw frame** to grab an ARRIRAW frame. The ARRIRAW frame grab is stored on the USB memory stick in folder ARRI/AMIRA/SENSOR.
3. Import the ARRIRAW frame grab into the ARRIRAW Converter.
4. Use the ARC software to mark defect pixels. The marked pixel coordinates are stored in an XML file called the User Pixel Mask. Please note that it is advisable to mark the least number of pixels necessary, as too many marked pixels can be counter productive.
5. Save the User Pixel Mask to the USB memory stick in folder ARRI/AMIRA/SENSOR and load it into the camera with **MENU > System > Sensor > User pixel masking > Install user pixel mask**
6. After a restart of the camera, the marked pixels will be masked using information from surrounding pixels. This masking is applied to the images delivered from the sensor, before any other processing takes place, and thus becomes active on all outputs.
7. Carefully check the end result by visually inspecting the areas where you have marked pixels; if too many pixels are marked too close to each other, or if pixels are marked close to other pixels that are already marked in the static pixel mask, the result could be uncorrectable clusters, which are more visible than the original defect pixels.

As an added service, it is possible to send the User Pixel Mask to ARRI Service at service@arri.de for verification. We strongly recommend that you take advantage of this free service, as sometimes, clusters are difficult to spot depending on the background. Please note, however, that in the end, it is the responsibility of the person creating the User Pixel Mask to verify that no clusters are formed.

### 7.10.2 Setting the fan mode

You can set the camera cooling for different shooting situations.

- **Choose** **MENU > System > Fan mode**.

You have the following options:

- **Regular**
  
  Holds a balance between fan noise and camera temperature.

- **Rec low**

  Increases fan speed during standby to pre-cool the camera. Minimizes fan speed/noise during recording.

**Note**: Ideal in an environment warmer than 25 °C (77 °F).
7.10.3 Power warnings for batteries

You can configure low battery warning.

▶ Choose MENU > System > Power and change the configuration.

7.10.3.1 Setting Bat onboard (BAT1) warning

You can set the voltage or percentage level that triggers a power warning for onboard batteries.

Note: Percentage setting is only used if Bat unit preference is set to Percent and battery transmits capacity in percent.

▶ Choose MENU > System > Power > Bat onboard (BAT1) warning and set the voltage or percentage level.

7.10.3.2 Setting the BAT in (BAT2) warning voltage level

You can set the voltage level that triggers a power warning for external batteries on the BAT connector.

▶ Choose MENU > System > Power > Bat in (BAT2) warning and set the voltage level.

7.10.3.3 Setting the BAT unit preference

You can set the preferred unit for onboard batteries.

Note: If the battery does not transmit the capacity in percent, voltage levels are used.

1. Choose MENU > System > Power > BAT unit preference and set the unit.

7.10.4 Lens mount settings

You can enable/disable the LDS contacts of the lens mount and set your preferred focus unit.

▶ You have the following options:
  
  ◦ Choose MENU > SYSTEM > Lens mount settings.
  ◦ Choose HOME > i > Lens info > Settings.

The lens mount settings screen is displayed.

You have the following options:

  ◦ Focus unit
    Select the unit for display of the lens focus distance. You have the following options:
    Lens default
    Imperial
    Metric
  ◦ Enable lens mount
    Allows you to deactivate the LDS contacts of a PL lens mount.
    Allows you to deactivate the electronic contacts of an EF mount.
7.10.5 Adjusting system time and date

You can adjust system time and date.

► Choose MENU > System > System time + date to set the system time and date.

Note: Timezone and Daylight savings time do not change time and date settings. They are stored as metadata in the recorded clips.

7.10.6 Buttons and display

You can configure the display style and the brightness and locking of the camera buttons.

► Choose MENU > System > Buttons + display and select the configuration you want to change.

7.10.6.1 Setting the display style

► Choose MENU > System > Buttons + display > Display style and select your setting. You have the following options:

- Day mode
- Night mode

The brightness of display and buttons changes according to the selected mode.

7.10.6.2 Setting the button brightness

► Choose MENU > System > Buttons + display > Button brightness and set the brightness in a range from 0 to 3.

The button illumination changes according to the selected value.

7.10.6.3 Lock configuration

Sets which switches and buttons are affected by the camera lock. The configuration cannot be changed while lock is active. The default lock configuration locks all buttons except REC and [M] buttons as well as lens buttons. The audio module buttons and switches, camera LOCK button, and power button cannot be locked. Lens buttons are only available on certain types of lenses. For information on operation of camera lock, see "Locking and unlocking the camera", page 27.

1. Choose MENU > System > Buttons + display > Lock config.

You can configure the lock of the following buttons by navigating to the according entry and setting them on or off:

- Camera buttons and switches
  - ND filter switch
  - US switch
  - EI switch
  - WB switch
  - AW switch
  - Rec button

- EVF buttons
  - REC button
  - PLAY button
  - EXP button
  - PEAK button
  - VF1 button
  - VF2 button
- **Lens buttons**
  - RET button
  - VTR button

For information on user buttons, see "User buttons", page 131
For information on camera buttons, see "Camera Controls", page 25

### 7.10.7 Multicam

The Multicam feature allows you to use the camera in a multi-camera production environment. When activated, the camera can be controlled with a range of Sony RCPs via a Sony CNA-1 connected to the camera’s Ethernet port. A more comprehensive white paper on the features and functions is available in the download section of the ARRI website.

#### Functionalities

The following list contains the RCP functions supported by the camera.
- Iris Control (ENG style PL lenses and ENG style B4 lenses via the Hirose 12/20 pin connector)
- Iris Control (EF lenses via the EF mount)
- Auto Iris
- Shutter
- ECS Shutter
- Black R/G/B
- Master Black
- White R/G/B
- White Balance
- 5600K Override
- Auto White Balance
- ND filter selection
- Detail
- Master Gain
- Processing R/G/B
- Master Processing
- Master Black processing
- Master Knee
- Saturation
- Scene Files (up to 5)
- Call
- Color Bars

**Note:** In multicam mode, tally is only activated when triggered by an external source, e.g. a production switcher. Internal recording does not activate tally.

For further information, please refer to the multicam white paper, available in the download section on the ARRI website.

#### 7.10.7.1 Activating multicam mode

**NOTE:** When Multicam mode is activated, access to the screens FPS, SHUTTER, EI and WB from the HOME screen is disabled.

To use the multicam mode, an editable look needs to be active. The available default look you can use in multicam mode is **ARRI 709 Multicam**. For information on adding a look file, see "Selecting a Look file", page 83.
Note: SSCP device IP and port cannot be changed while Multicam mode is activated.

1. Connect the camera to the CNA-1 via Ethernet.
2. Choose **MENU > System > Multicam**.
3. Set the IP address of the SSCP device.
4. Set the port of the SSCP device.
5. Turn **Multicam** on.

### 7.10.8 Camera access protocol (CAP)

The camera access protocol is an IP based API that allows for control of look file parameters as well as operational parameters:

- CAP can be used to send and receive color grading information to and from ARRI cameras via network connection and modify the CDL parameters of the currently active Look file. Modifications to the Look file become immediately effective on all image paths with the processing configured to Look.
- Control of basic camera parameters

For more information, contact the ARRI Partner programm.

▸ Choose **MENU > System > Camera access protocol**.

#### 7.10.8.1 Activating CAP server

▸ Choose **MENU > System > Camera access protocol (CAP)** and set the CAP server on.

Third party software can access the camera to remotely modify the currently active ARRI Look File 2 file.

#### 7.10.8.2 Setting CAP server password

1. Choose **MENU > System > Camera access protocol (CAP) > Cap server password**.
2. Enter a password and press **DONE**.

#### 7.10.8.3 Displaying CAP client list

▸ Choose **MENU > System > Camera access protocol (CAP) > CAP client list**.

The CAP client list is displayed.

### 7.10.9 Network / WiFi

▸ Choose **MENU > System > Network / WiFi**.

#### 7.10.9.1 Activating camera WiFi power

▸ Choose **MENU > System > Network / WiFi > WiFi power** and set WiFi power on or off.

#### 7.10.9.2 Setting WiFi mode

▸ Choose **MENU > System > Network / WiFi > WiFi mode** and set the mode. You have the following options:

- **Client**
  - The camera can connect to a WiFi network.
- **Host**
  - The camera acts as an access-point.
7.10.9.3 Setting the WiFi host password

You can only set the WiFi host password if the WiFi mode is set to Host. For more information, see "Setting WiFi mode", page 120.

1. Choose MENU > System > Network / WiFi > WiFi host password.
   A screen is displayed to set your password.
2. Enter a password. The WiFi password must be between 8 and 32 characters long.
   For information on using the on-screen keyboard, see "Using the on-screen keyboard", page 59.

Note: The default password is: arriarri

7.10.9.4 Selecting the WiFi network

You can select a WiFi network, if you have activated the WiFi power and when the WiFi mode is set to Client. The camera allows you to join networks with WPA2 encryption or without encryption.

1. Choose MENU > System > Network/WiFi > WiFi network.
   The list of available WiFi networks is displayed.
2. With the jogwheel, select the desired WiFi network.
   If the selected WiFi network uses encryption, you are prompted to enter the password.
3. Enter the password and press CONNECT.
   For information on using the on-screen keyboard, see "Using the on-screen keyboard", page 59.

Connecting to a WiFi network by QR code

You can use a QR code to connect to a WiFi network. The WiFi credentials need to be provided in the following format:
WIFI:S:my-ssid;T:[WEP|WPA|WPA2];P:my-password;
where the italic parts need to be replaced with your network credentials.

1. Choose MENU > System > Network/WiFi > WiFi network > SCAN QR.
2. Hold the QR-Code in front of the lens so that it fills the frame and is in focus.
   A popup with QR-Code data is displayed.
3. Press CONNECT.
   The camera connects with the network. The name of the network is displayed in the WiFi NETWORKS AVAILABLE list.

Connecting to a WiFi network manually

If the desired network is not displayed in the WiFi NETWORKS AVAILABLE list, you can enter the name of the network you want to join manually. The network is displayed as long as you are connected.

1. Choose MENU > System > Network/WiFi > WiFi network > OTHER.
   A screen for entering the network name is displayed.
2. Enter the name of the network and press NEXT.
   You are prompted to enter your password.
3. Type your password and press CONNECT.
   For information on using the on-screen keyboard, see "Using the on-screen keyboard", page 59.
Disconnecting from a WiFi network

1. Choose **MENU > System > Network/WiFi > WiFi network**.
2. Press **DISCONNECT**.
   
   If the network you were connected to is hidden, it will disappear from the network list shortly after.

### 7.10.9.5 Setting the region of the wireless function

**CAUTION!**

Wireless region settings specify where the wireless function can be used in compliance with local regulations. It may be illegal to use the wireless function in a region other than specified in the setting. Please ensure that the region is configured correctly, e.g., when traveling.

**Note:** WiFi requires an advanced license.

- Choose **MENU > System > Network / WiFi > Wireless region setting** and select the region. You have the following options:
  - **Europe**
  - **USA**
  - **Japan**
  - **South Korea**
  - **World**

### 7.10.9.6 Setting LAN IP mode

- Choose **MENU > System > Network / WiFi > LAN IP mode** and set the mode.
  
  You have the following options:
  - **Static**
    
    Select for manually entering an IP address and subnet mask.
  - **DHCP**
    
    Select to let the camera accept a dynamically assigned IP address from a DHCP server.

### 7.10.9.7 Setting LAN static IP and subnet

**Setting the static IP**

1. Choose **MENU > System > Network / WiFi > Lan static IP**.
2. With the jogwheel, change the static IP.

**Setting the LAN static subnet**

1. Choose **MENU > System > Network / WiFi > Lan static subnet**.
2. With the jogwheel, change the static subnet.

### 7.10.10 Licensing

You can further enhance the camera's capabilities through licensed features available from the ARRI license shop at [http://alshop.arri.de](http://alshop.arri.de).

License keys are linked to the camera's serial number and cannot be transferred from one camera to another.
The ARRI license webshop requires a hardware info file to identify the individual camera.

Before ordering a license key, you must export the HW INFO file from the camera to a USB memory stick for upload during purchase.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NOTICE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Licenses are also available as timed temporary licenses. After installation, the license is valid for a defined period past the installation time. After this period, the license becomes invalid.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A temporary license shows Valid until: YY-MM-DD HH:MM:SS in the licensed features screen.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The active camera license model (incl. contained features) is available under: Menu > System > Licensed feature.

### 7.10.10.1 License bundles

Licensed features require the installation of a license to enable their use. Licenses are installed and removed as bundles. Two bundles are available.

**Advanced license bundle**
- Frame rates 100-200 fps
- ProRes 422 HQ recording format
- Pre-record function
- Gamma: Log C
- Import of external look files
- In-Camera CDL look parameter adjustment
- Dynamic Auto-Tracking white balance
- WiFi Remote Control
- Bluetooth Audio Monitoring

**Premium license bundle**
- All advanced license features
- ProRes 4444 recording format
- 2K (2048 x 1152) recording
- Import of looks containing 3D LUTs

**Viewing licensed features**

► Choose MENU > System > Licensed features > FEATURES.

The features contained in the active license bundle are displayed.

**Temporary licenses**

Licenses are also available as temporary real-time licenses. After installation, the license is valid for a defined period past the installation time. After this period, the license becomes invalid.

A temporary license shows Valid until: YY-MM-DD HH:MM:SS (1) in the licensed features screen and in the FEATURES subscreen.

### 7.10.10.2 Exporting **HW INFO** from the camera

1. Prepare a USB memory stick. For more information, see "Preparing USB medium", page 95.
2. Open the media lid and connect the USB memory stick to the camera.
3. Choose **Menu > System > Licensed features**
4. Press **HW INFO**.
5. A screen is displayed. Press **CONFIRM**.
6. The file is saved in the USB folder **ARRI/AMIRA/LICENSES**.
   File name is **AMIRA-HW-#####-YYMMDD-HHMM.json**
7. Copy the file from the USB memory stick to a computer, easily accessible when ordering licenses.
   * ##### = camera serial number. YYMMDD-HHMM = date/time stamp.

### 7.10.10.3 Installing a license file

**NOTICE**

Keep backup copies of all license files in case a license deleted from the camera must be re-installed.

Installed licenses remain on the camera, independent of USB memory stick, and across the installation of SUP software update packages.

All installed licenses are displayed at **MENU > System > Licensed features > FEATURES**.

1. Copy the license file into the **ARRI/AMIRA/LICENSES** folder on a correctly prepared USB memory stick. For more information, see "Preparing USB medium", page 95.
2. Open the media lid and connect the USB memory stick to the camera.
3. Choose **Menu > System > Licensed features > ADD**.
   A list is displayed.
4. Use the jogwheel to scroll to the required file.
5. Confirm by pressing the jogwheel (1).
6. Wait for the file to install.
7. Reboot the camera afterwards.
8. If required: Repeat for other license files.

### 7.10.10.4 Displaying licensed features

► Choose **MENU > System > Licensed features > FEATURES**.

### 7.10.10.5 Deleting a license

1. Choose **MENU > Systems > Licensed features > DELETE**.
   A list with licenses is displayed.
2. Select the license you want to delete.
   A confirmation screen is displayed.
3. Press **CONFIRM**.
   If the licence was successfully deleted, a green message is displayed.
7.10.10.6 Downgrading to another license model or deleting UHD license

**NOTICE**

After a downgrade, you must reboot the camera for the new license model to become active.

1. Choose **Menu > System > Licensed features > DELETE**.
   A screen is displayed.
2. Select either the downgrade- or the delete-option.
   A confirmation screen is displayed.
3. Press **CONFIRM**, **CANCEL** with **BACK**.
4. After completion, reboot the camera for the downgrade to take effect.

7.10.11 Updating the camera

You can update the camera and camera components.

* Choose **MENU > System > Update**.

For more information on updating the camera, see "Updating the camera via USB memory stick", page 125.

7.10.11.1 Updating the camera via USB memory stick

Before update, create the folder structure on a FAT 32 USB memory stick. For more information, see "Preparing USB medium", page 95.

**NOTICE**

Power the camera with a fully charged battery or a power supply to avoid power loss during the update. The update procedure takes about ten minutes.

After each update, the camera reboots. Never shut down or unpower the camera during reboot. Check the audio screen for update status. A popup message is displayed after the update finished successfully.

**Preconditions**

- AMIRA with connected MVF-1
- Fully charged camera battery or power supply.
- Computer with internet access and USB interface.
- USB memory stick (FAT 32 file format), prepared with the folder structure for the use with your camera.

**Downloading the software to the USB memory stick**

The camera supports the installation of SUP software update packages. Check www.arri.com for the latest available SUP version.

2. Double-click on the downloaded file (*.zip) to unpack it:
   - Update file (*.SUP)
   - Update key (*.lic)
   - Release notes
3. Read the release notes carefully.
4. Copy the update file (*.SUP) to the ARRI/AMIRA/SUP folder on the USB stick.
5. Copy the update key (*.lic) to ARRI/AMIRA/LICENSES on the USB stick.
6. Safely remove the USB memory stick from the computer.

Connecting the USB memory stick to the camera
7. Open the media lid and connect the USB memory stick to the camera.
8. Remove all CFast 2.0 cards from the camera.
9. Switch on the camera with a full battery.

Updating the software on the camera
**Note:** An update is only possible with all CFast 2.0 cards removed from the camera.
1. Choose **MENU > System > Update**.
2. Scroll to the required update file and press the jogwheel.
3. Press CONFIRM to start the update. **Cancel** with BACK.
   **Note:** Never shut down the camera or unplug power during the update.
4. Check the audio screen for the update progress.
5. Wait for the update process to finish and the camera to reboot.
   After a successful update and reboot, the camera monitor displays a success message.
6. Press CLOSE to start using your updated camera.
7. **Note:** After an update, the timezone and daylight saving time settings of the camera are reset. Please set them accordingly. Choose **MENU > System > System time + date**.
   For more information, see "Adjusting system time and date", page 118.
**NOTE:** A failed update produces a red warning message. However, previous camera software remains intact. Press CLOSE, restart the camera and start the update again.

### 7.10.11.2 Updating camera components
You can update camera components (MVF-1, CCP-1 or lens mount) via the camera. The camera will issue a message if the software version of a camera component is outdated.
1. Choose **MENU > System > Update > Components**.
   A screen is displayed. You have the following options:
   - **Update MVF-1**
   - **Update lens mount**
   - **Update CCP-1**
2. Select the component you want to update, and press the jogwheel.
   A confirmation screen is displayed.
3. Press CONFIRM.

### 7.10.12 Setting the system language
1. Choose **MENU > System > Language**. You have the following options:
   - **English**
   - **Chinese** (simplified)
     You can toggle between the languages.
2. Select the language.
   The system language on the user interface changes immediately.

7.11 Setup

You can save and load full camera configurations as well as parts of it on the camera. You can also import user setups into the camera from a USB medium and export user setups to a USB medium. For more information, see "Loading setups", page 127.

► Choose MENU > Setup.

7.11.1 Saving user setup

You can save the current setup configuration in the camera or on the USB medium.

1. You have the following options:
   ◦ Choose MENU > Setup > User setups installed > SAVE.
   ◦ Choose MENU > Setup > User setups on USB > SAVE.
   A screen for entering the file name is displayed.

2. Type in a name for the user setup and press SAVE.
   For information on using the on-screen keyboard, see "Using the on-screen keyboard", page 59.
   A screen is displayed to select parameter blocks. You have the following options:
   ◦ General
   ◦ Format
   ◦ Scene
   ◦ Lens
   ◦ User
   For information on the parameter blocks, see "User setup parameter blocks", page 128.

3. Select one or more options and press CONFIRM.
   The camera stores the user setup.

4. Press BACK.

7.11.2 Loading setups

You can load user setups stored on the camera or on a USB medium. In case you are using the ARRI WCU-4 unit, you can trigger the loading of internally stored setups from there.

1. You have the following options:
   ◦ Choose MENU > Setup > User setups installed
   ◦ Choose MENU > Setup > User setups on USB
   A list of user setups is displayed.

2. Select a user setup, and with the jogwheel, press LOAD.
   A popup with the parameter blocks of this user setup is displayed.
3. Press **CONFIRM**.

The camera loads the selected user setup and shows a result popup. The popup highlights the parameters that you should check in case certain parameters could not be loaded.

### 7.11.3 User setup parameter blocks

The camera allows you to store a full camera configuration by selecting all parameter blocks, or only parts of the configuration by de-/selecting the desired blocks. The parameter blocks have been chosen to allow for maximum flexibility while keeping coherent sets of parameters and minimizing the amount of potential conflicts by loading partial setups.

**GENERAL**

Groups the general camera configuration and basic project settings.

- **MENU > RECORDING > PROJECT SETTINGS**
  - Project Rate
- **HOME > TC > OPTIONS**
  - Timecode Options (All Settings)
- **MENU > RECORDING > AUDIO RECORDING**
  - Audio (All Settings)
- **HOME > LOOK > CONFIG**
  - Recording Processing
- **HOME > LOOK > EDIT**
  - Installed Look Files
- **HOME > LOOK > CONFIG**
  - SDI 1&2 color space
- **MENU > MONITORING > FRAME LINES > FRAME LINE**
  - Installed Frame Line Files
- **HOME > FPS**
  - Sensor FPS table
- **HOME > SHUTTER**
  - Shutter table
- **HOME > EI**
  - Exposure Index switch values
- **HOME > WB**
  - WB table
- **HOME > WB**
  - WB switch values
- **HOME > FPS/SHUTTER/LOOK**
  - User switch values
- **MENU > METADATA**
  - Metadata (All Settings)
- **MENU > MONITORING > SDI**
  - SDI 1&2 Format
- **MENU > MONITORING > SDI**
  - SDI 1&2 Frame Rate
- **MENU > MONITORING > SDI**
  - SDI 1&2 Image
- **MENU > MONITORING > SDI**
  - SDI 1&2 3G Level
- **MENU > MONITORING > SDI**
  - SDI2: Clone SDI1
- **MENU > MONITORING > SDI**
  - Anamorphic Desqueeze
- **MENU > SYSTEM > SENSOR**
  - Image sharpness/detail
- **MENU > SYSTEM > SENSOR**
  - Image denoising
- **MENU > SYSTEM > SENSOR**
  - Mirror Image
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<th>SYSTEM</th>
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<th>Genlock Sync</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MENU</td>
<td>SYSTEM</td>
<td>SENSOR</td>
<td>Sync Shift</td>
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<td>MENU</td>
<td>SYSTEM</td>
<td>SENSOR</td>
<td>Mirror Image</td>
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<td>MENU</td>
<td>SYSTEM</td>
<td>SENSOR</td>
<td>Sensor Temperature</td>
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<td>MENU</td>
<td>SYSTEM</td>
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<td>Fan Mode</td>
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<td>MENU</td>
<td>SYSTEM</td>
<td></td>
<td>Multicam Settings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MENU</td>
<td>SYSTEM</td>
<td></td>
<td>CAP Settings</td>
</tr>
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<td>MENU</td>
<td>SYSTEM</td>
<td></td>
<td>Network Settings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MENU</td>
<td>USER BUTTONS</td>
<td>USER SWITCH</td>
<td>User switch Assignment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MENU</td>
<td>RECORDING</td>
<td></td>
<td>Prerecording max. duration</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**FORMAT**

Allows for easy switching between recording formats.

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<tr>
<th>MENU</th>
<th>RECORDING</th>
<th>Recording Codec</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
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<td>MENU</td>
<td>RECORDING</td>
<td>Resolution</td>
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<tr>
<td>MENU</td>
<td>RECORDING</td>
<td>Record Mode (All Settings)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MENU</td>
<td>MONITORING</td>
<td>FRAME LINES</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SCENE**

Allows you to change quickly between different shooting situations.

<table>
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<tr>
<th>HOME</th>
<th>FPS</th>
<th>Sensor FPS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HOME</td>
<td>SHUTTER</td>
<td>Shutter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HOME</td>
<td>EI</td>
<td>Exposure Index</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HOME</td>
<td>WB</td>
<td>White Balance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HOME</td>
<td>EI &gt; ND (MINI)</td>
<td>ND Filter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HOME</td>
<td>LOOK</td>
<td>Active Look*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>*if not found in list, then load AR-RI709</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HOME</td>
<td>EI &gt; IRIS</td>
<td>EF Iris Value</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**LENS**

Allows you to change quickly between different lens setups.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MENU</th>
<th>RECORDING</th>
<th>PROJECT SETTINGS</th>
<th>Lens squeeze factor</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MENU</td>
<td>SYSTEM</td>
<td>LENS MOUNT SETTINGS</td>
<td>Focus unit</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
USER
Stores all parameters for camera personalization.

HOME > LOOK > CONFIG > EVF/Mon. Processing
HOME > LOOK > CONFIG > SDI processing
MENU > MONITORING > EVF / Monitor > Surround View
MENU > MONITORING > EVF / Monitor > Zoom Position
MENU > MONITORING > EVF / Monitor > Peaking Settings
MENU > MONITORING > EVF / Monitor > Settings (all, except EVF power)
MENU > MONITORING > EVF / Monitor > EVF Overlays (all settings)
MENU > MONITORING > EVF / Monitor > Monitor Overlays (all settings)
MENU > MONITORING > SDI > SDI PROCESSING > Surround View
MENU > MONITORING > SDI > SDI PROCESSING > Exposure Tool
MENU > MONITORING > SDI > SDI PROCESSING > Peaking (all settings)
MENU > MONITORING > SDI > SDI PROCESSING > Overlays (all settings)
MENU > MONITORING > Exposure Tools (all settings)
MENU > USER BUTTONS > User Buttons (all settings)
MENU > USER BUTTONS > Except User Switch (see General)
MENU > SYSTEM > POWER > Power (all settings)
MENU > SYSTEM > BUTTONS + DISPLAY > Buttons, Display Style
MENU > SYSTEM > BUTTONS + DISPLAY > Lock Config
PLAY > OPTIONS > Play End mode
HOME > WB > WB options
HOME > EI > IRIS > Iris options
MENU > RECORDING > RECORD MODE > Stop Motion Beeper
MENU > RECORDING > REC BEEPER / TALLY > Rec Beeper + Tally

7.11.4 Resetting to factory defaults
You can reset the camera to the ARRI factory default values.

1. Choose MENU > Setup > Factory reset.
   You are asked to confirm the reset.
2. Press RESET.
7.12 User buttons

You can customize the user buttons. Some user button functions support smart behavior. For these, a short press (i.e. less than half a second) toggles the function, while a long press (i.e. longer than half a second) activates the function only temporarily.

**User button smart behavior**

Assume a user button is configured with EVF zoom:

Long press EVF zoom: EVF zoom function is activated while you are pressing the button, release of the button deactivates zoom.

Short press EVF zoom: EVF zoom is activated and stays activated. Press again to deactivate.

To customize the user buttons, you have the following options:

- Choose **MENU > User buttons** and select the buttons you want to customize.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>User button functions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Off</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disables the user buttons.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>EVF Status Info</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Switches status info on or off.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>EVF Waveform</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Switches EVF waveform overlay on or off. Supports smart behavior.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>EVF+Mon. Check Log C</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temporarily set EVF/Monitor processing to Log C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>EVF+Mon. Desqueeze</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>* Toggles anamorphic desqueeze on EVF and Monitor.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>EVF+Mon. Exp. Tool</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>* Switches the exposure tool on or off. Supports smart behavior.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>EVF+Mon. Frame Lines</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>* Switches frame lines on or off. Supports smart behavior.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>EVF+Mon. Peaking</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>* Switches peaking on or off. Supports smart behavior.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>EVF+Mon. Surround</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>* Switches surround view on or off. Supports smart behavior.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>EVF+Mon. Zebra/FC</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>* Toggles the exposure tool between Zebra and False Color.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>EVF+Mon. Zoom</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>* Switches the viewfinder zoom function on or off. Supports smart behavior. <strong>Note:</strong> Zoom image is monochrome.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Monitor Waveform</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Switches Monitor waveform overlay on or off. Supports smart behavior.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Flip Monitor</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toggles the Monitor between normal and flipped mode. <strong>Note:</strong> To return to automatic operation, press and hold the user button for two seconds.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>SDI Check Log C</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temporarily set SDI processing to Log C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>SDI Exp. Tool</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Switches the exposure tool on or off. Supports smart behavior.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>SDI Frame Lines</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Switches frame lines on or off. Supports smart behavior.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>SDI Peaking</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Switches peaking on or off. Supports smart behavior.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### User button functions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SDI Status info</td>
<td>Switches status info on or off.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SDI Desqueeze</td>
<td>Toggles anamorphic desqueeze on SDI (not active in 16:9 modes).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SDI Surround</td>
<td>Switches surround view on or off. Supports smart behavior.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SDI Zebra/FC</td>
<td>Toggles the exposure tool between Zebra and False Color.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Audio solo</td>
<td>Mutes all audio recording channels except one. Toggles through Off, Ch1, Ch2, Ch3, Ch4, selecting the next channel with every button press. Channels that are not assigned to an audio input are skipped. Does not work when audio is disabled or switched off. Works in playback for all channels and on all clips, as information on clip audio is not available. This may result in a selection of an unassigned channel when playback is exited. In this case, press button once to select the next assigned channel. When solo is active, the selected channel is marked as SOLO in the audio bars of EVF, monitor and SDI, on the homescreen and the audio display.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto WB</td>
<td>First press arms auto white balance for one second, second press triggers AWB.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check Last Clip</td>
<td>Plays the last five seconds of the last recorded clip.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color Bars</td>
<td>Turns color bar on or off. Activation works only during Stby.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EF Auto Iris</td>
<td>** Triggers automatic iris compensation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EF Open Iris</td>
<td>** Opens the iris of a lens. Short press opens by 1/x stop (step size depending on lens), long press opens by 1 stop per 0.5 seconds.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EF Close Iris</td>
<td>** Closes the iris of a lens. Short press closes by 1/x stop (step size depending on lens), long press closes by 1 stop per 0.5 seconds.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FPS Increase</td>
<td>Selects the next value from the FPS list.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FPS Decrease</td>
<td>Selects the previous value from the FPS list.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shutter Increase</td>
<td>Selects the next value from the Shutter list.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shutter Decrease</td>
<td>Selects the previous value from the Shutter list.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EI Increase</td>
<td>Selects the next value from the EI list.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EI Decrease</td>
<td>Selects the previous value from the EI list.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ND Increase</td>
<td>Selects the next value from the ND list.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ND Decrease</td>
<td>Selects the previous value from the ND list.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WB Increase</td>
<td>Selects the next value from the WB list.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WB Decrease</td>
<td>Selects the previous value from the WB list.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### User button functions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Frame Grab</strong></td>
<td>Grabs a still frame in .JPG and .DPX format and saves it to the USB stick in the GRABS directory. Frame grabs can be stored when the camera is in STBY, REC, or PLAY.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Frame Line Color</strong></td>
<td>Changes the frame line color.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>BT Talkback</strong></td>
<td>*** Switches the talk-back channel via Bluetooth to Open (signal is recorded) or Muted (signal is not recorded).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Overlay Menu</strong></td>
<td>Activates or deactivates the overlay menu on MVF-1 EVF, monitor and SDI (when SDI processing is activated).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Playback</strong></td>
<td>Behaves identically to the PLAY button on MVF-1.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Prerecording</strong></td>
<td>*** Switches prerecording on or off.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Record Start/Stop</strong></td>
<td>Behaves identically to the record button.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Return In</strong></td>
<td>Activates return signal connected to RET/SYNC IN BNC connector on SDI and/or EVF/Monitor image paths, depending on preconfiguration via <strong>MENU &gt; Monitoring &gt; Return in path config</strong>. Outputs a metadata flag via SDI that can be used by external equipment, e.g., to switch inputs for monitoring. Supports smart behavior. While multicam is enabled, only toggles temporarily.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Select Card</strong></td>
<td>Changes between card slots A and B for recording.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Stop Motion Trigger</strong></td>
<td>Triggers the capture of a single frame during recording in recording mode Stop Motion.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>WiFi Power</strong></td>
<td>*** Toggles WiFi power On and Off.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Affects both viewfinder and monitor settings.

** Requires EF lens mount and a suitable EF lens.

*** Requires advanced license or higher.

For more information on camera buttons, see "Camera Controls", page 25.
For information on locking buttons, see "Lock configuration", page 118.

### 7.12.1 Setting the user switch function

You can set the function of the user switch (US).

1. Choose **MENU > User buttons > User switch**.
2. Select one of the following options:
   - **None**
   - **Fps**
   - **Shutter/Exp Time**
   - **Look**
7.12.2 Button VF1 and VF2

You can set the function of the VF1 and VF2 buttons on the viewfinder.

► Choose MENU > User buttons > Button VF1 or MENU > User buttons > Button VF2 and assign the desired function.

For information on user button functionalities, see "User buttons", page 131.

7.12.3 Assigning functions to camera user buttons

You can assign functions to the camera user buttons 1 to 8.

1. Choose MENU > User buttons > Camera user buttons.
2. Button 1 to 8: Set the functions of user buttons 1 to 8 on the left camera side.

For information on user button functionalities, see "User buttons", page 131.

7.12.4 Assigning functions to WCU user buttons

You can assign functions to the WCU-4 user buttons.

Note: Configuration valid for WCU-4 connected to AMIRA via UMC-4. WCU-4 requires software version 2.1 or later to support smart behavior of buttons.

► Choose MENU > User buttons > WCU user buttons.

For information on user button functionalities, see "User buttons", page 131.

7.12.5 Assigning functions to Master Grip user buttons

You can assign functions to the Master Grip user buttons. 12 buttons are available.

► Choose MENU > User buttons > Master Grip user buttons.

For information on user button functionalities, see "User buttons", page 131.

7.12.6 Assigning functions to GPIO user buttons

The ARRI GPIO box (GPB-1, K.2.0007642) can be used as an interface to the camera for external user buttons. It connects to the camera via the EXT connector and has a 37-pin D-Sub connector carrying 14 GPI (General purpose input) connections plus 2 outputs (camera power status and camera recording status). For additional information, please refer to the user manual of the GPB-1.

You can assign functions to GPIO user buttons. The buttons are connected via a GPIO box.

► Choose MENU > User buttons > GPIO user buttons.

For information on user button functionalities, see "User buttons", page 131.

7.12.7 Assigning functions to lens RET user buttons

You can assign a camera function to the RET button of ENG lens. If the lens does not support this, a disconnected plug is shown behind the menu entry.

► Choose MENU > User buttons > Lens RET.

For information on user buttons functionalities, see "User buttons", page 131.
7.13 Entering metadata

You can enter production metadata to the recorded Quicktime files.

1. Choose **MENU > Metadata**.

2. Select the metadata field you want to edit. You have the following options:
   - **Production**
   - **Prod. Company**
   - **Director**
   - **Cinematographer**
   - **Camera operator**
   - **Location**
   - **Scene**
   - **Take**
   - **User info 1 & 2**

7.14 Audio menu

On the audio control panel, you can fully control, change, and edit the audio setup without the risk of accidentally changing camera parameters.

The audio function switch (1) toggles between **INFO** screen, channel 1/2 and 3/4 configurations, and audio **SETUP** on the display (2).

The **L** and **R** jogwheels (3) control left and right channel gain.

With the **SET** jogwheel (4), you navigate through the audio setup menu.

**Note:** For line level input, the camera supports a maximum analog input level of +8 dBu by default. Higher levels will result in clipping. Cameras with the new audio board (IOAU2) have the option to select between +8 and +24 dBu as maximum input level. Set the **SET** switch to **SYSTEM** and choose **Maximum line levels** from the menu.
**Note:** Additional audio meters are available on the camera monitor (fixed) and on the EVF display (configurable via MENU > Monitoring > EVF/Monitor > EVF overlays > Status elements > Audio).

### 7.14.1 Adjusting the headphone volume

- Use the headphone volume wheel on the camera right side (see above).
- Or: Use the audio control panel on the camera left side (see below):

1. Switch to **INFO** (1).
   The headphone volume level is displayed at the top center of the display.
2. Press and turn the **SET** jogwheel (2) to adjust the headphone volume.

### 7.14.2 Viewing the audio **INFO** screen

- Turn the audio function switch to **INFO** (1).

**Note:** The **INFO** position locks the left and right gain controls. The audio **INFO**
INFO shows the audio levels, the input channel mapping, and the most important camera parameters:

- Camera status (1): STBY (ready for recording), REC (recording), PLAY (playback). None (card missing, full or not yet formatted).
- The alert (!) icon appears (2) whenever alert messages are available. See "ALERT messages screen", page 68.
- Headphone volume (3) from level 1 (= off) to 64 (= maximum).
- Power status (4): BATTERY 1 (onboard), BATTERY 2 (BAT IN). Can be set to percent or volt, depending on battery. See page 117.
- Remaining card capacities (5), in minutes.
- Audio levels (7 and 9) for all four channels and BT (6), in dB FS.
- Reference scale (8) for audio levels in dB FS.
- Current timecode (10). TC settings are accessible via user monitor. For more information, see "Timecode options", page 80.
- Clipping indicator (11): If the channel shows a red frame, the audio signal is clipping. If the audio meter is not at its peak, the input signal itself is clipping.

### 7.14.3 Configuring recording channel 1/2 and 3/4

1. Turn the audio switch to 1/2 or 3/4 (1).
2. The left gain control (2) now addresses recording channel one or three. For channel two or four, use the right gain control (3).
3. Select and change parameters with the SET jogwheel (4).

4. The audio 1/2 and 3/4 screens allow you to configure gain control mode, filtering, headphone monitoring, and input selection:

- **Cursor (1):** Can be moved by turning the SET jogwheel.
- **Gain control mode (2):**
  - **MAN** (manual via L/R wheels, in 1 dB steps)
  - **MAN + L** (manual plus limiter, in 1 dB steps)
    A limiter prevents the signal from clipping if the input signal level combined with the set gain results in signal levels exceeding -6 dB FS.
  - **AUTO** (automatic gain control)
    For technical information on limiter and auto gain modes, see "Technical data", page 147.
- **Highpass filter (3):** Frequencies below the set value are filtered from the signal.
  - **Off** (no filtering)
  - **80 Hz**
  - **160 Hz**
- **MON (4):** routing of audio channel to headphones:
  - **L** (to left headphone channel only)
  - **R** (to right headphone channel only)
  - **L+R** (mono mix on both)
  - **Off** (no routing)
- **IN (5):** Input source mapping to the respective recording channel. Available channels depend on the XLR input configuration. Setting e.g. **IN B** to **LINE** enables **B Line**. As **IN A** is a stereo input, **A1** and **A2** are also available. Setting **IN B** or **IN C** to AES provides AES1 and AES2.
7.14.4 Adjusting audio settings

1. Turn the audio function switch to SETUP (1).
2. By turning and pressing the SET jogwheel (2), you can now adjust basic settings on the SETUP screen:
   - **Audio recording**
     Switches audio recording on or off. Off deactivates audio inputs and all outputs; no audio channels are recorded.
   - **Test tone**
     Activates a 1 kHz test tone on all recording channels.
   - **Maximum line levels**
     Switches the maximum line level for input A, B and C.
   - **Display brightness**
     Sets the audio display backlight from level 1 (= minimum) to 10 (= maximum).
   - **Display style**
     Sets both audio display and camera monitor to day or night style.
   - **Bluetooth**
     Allows you to monitor audio recording or to record talk-back tracks via Bluetooth headphones or headsets.

7.14.4.1 Switching the maximum line levels

You can switch the maximum line level for input A, B and C.

*Note:* Requires a camera hardware modification (new audio board IOAU2). After changing maximum line levels, please check input gain settings.

1. Choose **Audio > Setup > Maximum line levels**.
2. Select the input. For each of the inputs, you have the following options:
   - +8 dBu
   - +24 dBu

7.14.4.2 Bluetooth

**Setting up bluetooth**

You can monitor audio recording with a Bluetooth headset. Monitors the same channel configuration as the headphone out. Also allows you to record a talk-back track (e.g., for work instructions, comments etc.).

1. Choose **Audio > Setup > Bluetooth**.
2. You have the following options:
   - **Power**
     Switches Bluetooth on or off.
   - **Device list**
     Shows the available Bluetooth devices.
○ **Profile**
  Sets the Bluetooth connection profile.
  - **HFP**
    Is required for talk-back function.
  - **A2DP**
    **Note:** The selected profile must be supported by the Bluetooth headset.
    A2DP mode may, depending on the device, cause a delay of up to 5 frames.
    With HFP, audio is only available on the right channel (R).
    Has a higher audio signal quality.

○ **Talk back channel**
  Sets the talk-back channel to **Open** (signal is recorded) or **Muted** (signal is not recorded). Can also be assigned to a user button.

○ **Talk-back monitoring**
  Configures the monitoring of the recorded talk-back channel to the headphones out. Configuration is also valid during playback. Can be set to **Off, L** (left out), **R** (right out), **L+R** (left and right out).

**Connecting to and disconnecting from a Bluetooth device**

**Connecting to a Bluetooth device**
1. Open the **Bluetooth** menu and set **Power** to **On**.
2. Set the desired profile.
3. Via **SET** jogwheel, navigate to the device list.
4. Choose **Audio > Setup > Bluetooth > Device list**.
   **Note:** Ensure the Bluetooth device is active and in pairing mode.
5. Select the desired Bluetooth device from the list.
6. Press the **SET** jogwheel for connection.

**Disconnecting from a Bluetooth device**
- Select **Disconnect <device name>** and press the **SET** jogwheel.
8 Web remote

AMIRA has a web remote function for full remote control of the camera with a browser. It requires a connection to the camera via WiFi or with a RJ-45 LAN cable.

**Note:** Web remote requires an advanced or premium license.

The web remote has been tested with the following platforms and browsers:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Platform</th>
<th>Browser version</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Desktop browsers</td>
<td>Google Chrome 45 Mozilla Firefox 44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>iOS</td>
<td>Safari 9.2.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Android</td>
<td>Google Chrome Mobile 45</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Open a web browser and enter the URL: http://amira-xxxxx.local (replace xxxxx with your camera's 5-digit serial number).

**NOTICE**

To use the web remote function via this URL, the device must support zero-configuration networking (zeroconf), e.g. through Apple Bonjour. Without zeroconf, the webremote can be reached via the network's IP adress (WiFi or LAN IP). The WiFi IP is fixed to 192.168.153.1. The LAN IP can be either assigned from a DHCP server or configured manually, and can be checked with an MVF-1 via the INFO > Network info screen.

**MAIN, PLAY, REC INFO and USER**

The web remote is divided into the following four sections:

**MAIN:** Contains the same UI as the camera monitor, except the live screen. Click/tap the screen button tabs to enter a screen/trigger a function. Menu items can be clicked/tapped directly.

**PLAY:** Starts playback on the camera. Provides the same controls as the MVF-1, but does not show a video signal.
**REC INFO**: Contains info on the main recording relevant parameters, plus a **REC** button. Click the big circle icon to start/stop recording.

**Note**: Rec status and timecode may respond slightly delayed depending on the network's speed.

**USER**: Shows configuration of user buttons and allows you to trigger them. Press the number icons to trigger the user buttons.
9 Transvideo Starlite HD5-ARRI Monitor

The Transvideo Starlite HD5-ARRI monitor (K2.0006960) is a 5" 3G-SDI Oled monitor with an integrated H.264 recorder, a touchscreen and a special ARRI bus interface to communicate with the camera. It allows basic operation of the camera.

All overlays required for touch operation are generated by the camera and transferred to the Starlite monitor via HD-SDI. For this reason, monitors daisy-chained to the Starlite will show the overlays as well.

The standard functionality of the Starlite monitor is not available when the ARRI menu is active.

1. Connect the monitor to an SDI output of the camera. Make sure the SDI image of the output is configured to "Processed", not "Clean". For more information, see "Setting SDI 1/2 image", page 110.

2. Connect the bus interface cable to the EXT port of the camera.

3. Activate the ARRI menu by pressing the blue "A" touch icon on the monitor.

Main menu

The main screen opens up.

► Press "USER" (1) to access the user button menu.
► Press "LOAD SETUP" (2) to load a user setup from the list of installed user setups on the camera.
► Press "CTRL" (3) to activate the overlay menu.
► Press "PLAY" (6) to start playback.
► Press "REC" (5) to start or stop recording.
► Press "EXIT" (4) to exit the ARRI menu and to return to the standard Starlite mode.

All overlays disappear after a few seconds of inactivity.

User button menu

In the user button menu, the same functions are available as with the camera user buttons (1) to (3).
A gray button indicates an active user function.
Return to the main menu by pressing the "BACK" touch icon on the monitor.

**User setup menu**

In the load user setup menu, you can load user setup files that have been stored on the camera.

Select the user setup file to be loaded (1) with the left (3) and right (5) arrow buttons.
The camera shows the included parameter blocks in the lower part of the dialog (2). For more information on user setup parameter blocks, see "User setup parameter blocks", page 128.
Confirm the selection of the user setup file by pressing the checkmark (4).
Cancel user setup loading and return to the main menu by pressing "BACK" (6).
**Note:** The user setup menu is not available during recording.

**Control menu**

In the control menu, camera parameters can be edited similar to the overlay menu. For more information, see "Overlay menu", page 96.
► Choose a parameter by pressing the touch icon (1) or (3) on the monitor to move the selection rectangle left or right.
► Select the parameter by pressing the touch icon (2) on the monitor.
   The parameter can be edited.
► Edit the parameter by pressing the touch icon (1) or (3).
► End editing by pressing the touch icon (2) on the monitor.
► Exit the control menu by pressing the "BACK" (4) touch icon on the monitor.

**Note:** The control menu is not available during playback.

**Playback menu**

In the playback menu, recorded clips can be played or paused (2) and skipped to previous (1) or next (3) clip. You can also change the playback speed.

► Play or pause a clip by pressing the "Play" (2) touch icon on the monitor.
► Skip to previous or to next clip by pressing the "Skip previous" (1) or "Skip next" (3) touch icon on the monitor.
► While playback is running, press "Fast backward" (1) or "Fast forward" (3) to decrease or increase playback speed.

► Exit playback and return to the main menu by pressing the "BACK" (3) touch icon on the monitor.

**Note:** The playback menu is not available during recording.
## 10 Appendix

### 10.1 Technical data

![Camera Image]

**Camera info**

| Dimensions | Length | 309 mm |
| Holle | Height | 149 mm |
| Width | 139 mm |
| Weight | 4.1 kg / 9 lbs (camera body with PL mount) |

**Sensor**

35 mm format ARRI ALEV III CMOS with Bayer pattern color filter array

**Sensor photo sites**

- **ProRes:**
  - S16 HD: 1600x900
  - HD: 2880x1620
  - 2K: 2867x1613
  - 3.2K: 3200x1800
  - 4K UHD: 3200x1800

**Shutter**

Electronic shutter, 5.0°-356.0°

**Exposure latitude**

14+ stops over the entire sensitivity range from EI 160 to EI 3200 as measured with the ARRI Dynamic Range Test Chart (DRTC-1)

**Exposure index**

adjustable from EI 160-3200 in 1/3 stops

- EI 800 base sensitivity

**ND filters**

Built-in motorized ND filters 0.6, 1.2, 2.1
### Supported lens mounts

- Steel PL mount with ENG connector and LDS
- Titanium PL mount with L-Bus connector and LDS *(Note: LBUS motors are not supported by AMIRA)*
- EF mount PL mount with Hirose connector and LDS
- B4 mount with Hirose connector

### Recording media

CFast 2.0 memory cards

### Sound level

< 20 dB(A) at standard frame rates

### Operating temperatures

-20 to +50 °C (-4 to +122 °F) @ 95% r.h. non-condensing

### Environmental

Splash and dust-proof through sealed electronics

### Wireless interfaces

Built-in WiFi and bluetooth modules

### Recording info

#### Target resolutions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ProRes:</th>
<th>Resolution:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>S16 HD</td>
<td>1920x1080</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HD</td>
<td>1920x1080</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2K</td>
<td>2048x1152</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.2K</td>
<td>3200x1800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4K UHD</td>
<td>3840x2160</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Recording codecs

- ProRes 422 LT, 422, 422 HQ, 4444, 4444 XQ
- MPEG-2 HD 422P@HL, 50 Mbps GOP structure: 12 (23.976, 25 and 50i FPS) or 15 (29.97, 59.94i FPS) frames/GOP, M = 3, closed GOP

### Maximum recording frame rates

#### Camera settings

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Resolution</th>
<th>Codec</th>
<th>Maximum frame rate in fps</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CFAST 2.0 60 GB</td>
<td>CFAST 2.0 128 GB</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Electrical data

**DC power input**  
10.5 to 34 V

**DC power output**  
10.5 to 12 V (RS: 24 V) / 2.0 A

### Audio data

**External interfaces**  
2x 3-pin XLR in (In B, C), 1x 5-pin XLR in (In A), 1x 3.5mm TRS out

**Input formats**  
- Mic level (optional phantom power)
- Line level
- AES3 EBU (32, 44.1, 48, 96 kHz)  
  *Note: In B, C only*

**Recording format (embedded in video file)**  
Linear PCM, 24 bit 48 kHz
Number of recording channels 4+1
Gain adjustment 0 - +30 dB independently per input
Line input max. level +8 / +24* dBu, correlating to 0 dBFS
*Limits to -50 dBFS to 0 dBFS
Limiter/Auto level features 18 dB fixed gain (for AUTO level)
-6 dBFS threshold
3 ms attack time for 63% effect
360 ms release time for 63% effect
∞:1 ratio
Metering From -50 to 0 dBFS
Markers at -20, -18 and -9 dBFS
Warnings from -5 dBFS (yellow) and -2 dBFS (red) to 0 dBFS
Input clipping indication through red frame around audio meter
Internal test tone generator 1 kHz sine @ -9 dBFS / -18 dBFS / -20 dBFS

10.2 Pin-outs

*Note: All pin-outs for camera interfaces appear as seen by the user.

12 V
Connector ID: LEMO EEG.0B.302.CLN.A365
1  Gnd
2  12 V Aux

12 V Hirose
Connector ID: Hirose HR10-7R-4S
1  Gnd
2  GP Out
3  GP In
4  12 V Aux

BAT
Connector ID: LEMO EEJ.2B.308
1 Batcom
2 Powergnd
3 Powergnd
4 Powergnd
5 Batcom Gnd
6 Batplus
7 Batplus
8 Batplus

ENG (on PL lens mount steel)
Connector ID: Hirose HR10-10R-12S(73)
1 -/-
2 -/-
3 Gnd
4 -/-
5 -/-
6 12 V
7 -/-
8 -/-
9 -/-
10 -/-
11 RXD (Mount to Lens)
12 TXD (Lens to Mount)

EXT
Connector ID: LEMO EEG.1B.306.CLN
1 Can1 H
2 Can1 L
3 Can2 H
4 Can2 L
5 24 V Aux
6 Gnd
7

Headphones
1 Gnd
2 Gnd
3 R Out
4 L Out

LBUS (on PL lens mount titanium)
Connector ID: LEMO EEG.0B.304
1 Gnd
2 Can L
3 VBat
4 Can H

R/S
Connector ID: Fischer DPB102A052-130
1 Gnd
2 24 V Aux
3 R/S
XLR 3-pin
1 Gnd
2 In (+)
3 In (-)

XLR 5-pin
1 Gnd
2 L In (+)
3 L In (-)
4 R In (+)
5 R In (-)

10.3 MPEG-2 Notice

This product contains MPEG-2 functionality.

ANY USE OF THIS PRODUCT IN ANY MANNER OTHER THAN PERSONAL USE THAT COMPLIES WITH THE MPEG-2 STANDARD FOR ENCODING VIDEO INFORMATION FOR PACKAGED MEDIA IS EXPRESSLY PROHIBITED WITHOUT A LICENSE UNDER APPLICABLE PATENTS IN THE MPEG-2 PATENT PORTFOLIO, WHICH LICENSE IS AVAILABLE FROM MPEG LA; LLC; 4600S. ULSTER ST., SUITE 400, DENVER, CO 80237.

10.4 Declarations of conformity

EU Declaration of Conformity

The product AMIRA 1 conforms to the specifications of the following European directives:

For cameras delivered before 13 June 2016:

For cameras delivered from 13 June 2016:
FCC Compliance Statement

**Class A Statement:** This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment.

**Note:** This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

- **WIFI:** FCC ID: PD962205ANH or PPD-AR5B22
- **Bluetooth:** FCC ID: QOQWT32AE

Industry Canada Compliance Statement

Complies with the Canadian ICES-003 Class A specifications.

*Cet appareil numérique de la Classe A est conforme à la norme NMB-003 du Canada.*

This device complies with RSS-210 of Industry Canada.

*Cet appareil est conforme à CNR-210 d’Industrie Canada.*

This Class A device meets all the requirements of the Canadian interference-causing equipment regulations.

*Cet appareil numérique de la Classe A respecte toutes les exigences du Règlement sur le matériel brouilleur du Canada.*

- **WIFI:** IC ID: 1000M-62205ANH or 4104A-AR5B22
- **Bluetooth:** IC ID: 5123A-BGTWT32AE

10.5 Dimensional drawings

Dimensional drawings of the camera are attached to the end of this document. They can also be downloaded from the ARRI website:

AMIRA

Camera Right
Image Plane

- Camera Right
- Image Plane
- Camera Front
- Optical Center

Technical Data are subject to change without notice.

CAMERA DIMENSIONS – Version 2015-01

AMIRA

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Length</th>
<th>Width</th>
<th>Height</th>
<th>Weight</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Body (with LDS PL-Mount)</td>
<td>309 mm - 12.1”</td>
<td>139 mm - 5.4”</td>
<td>149 mm - 5.8”</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

M4-thread insert (threads are the same on the left side)
*24 dBu max. line input level only available with the IOAU-2 audio board. The IOAU-1 audio board is limited to 8 dBu max. line input level.